

# Grade 7 Standards Parent Resource

## **Unit 3: Expressing Geometric Relationships**

Unit 3 includes 2 topics of study, listed below. This resource is for Topic 2.

Topic 1

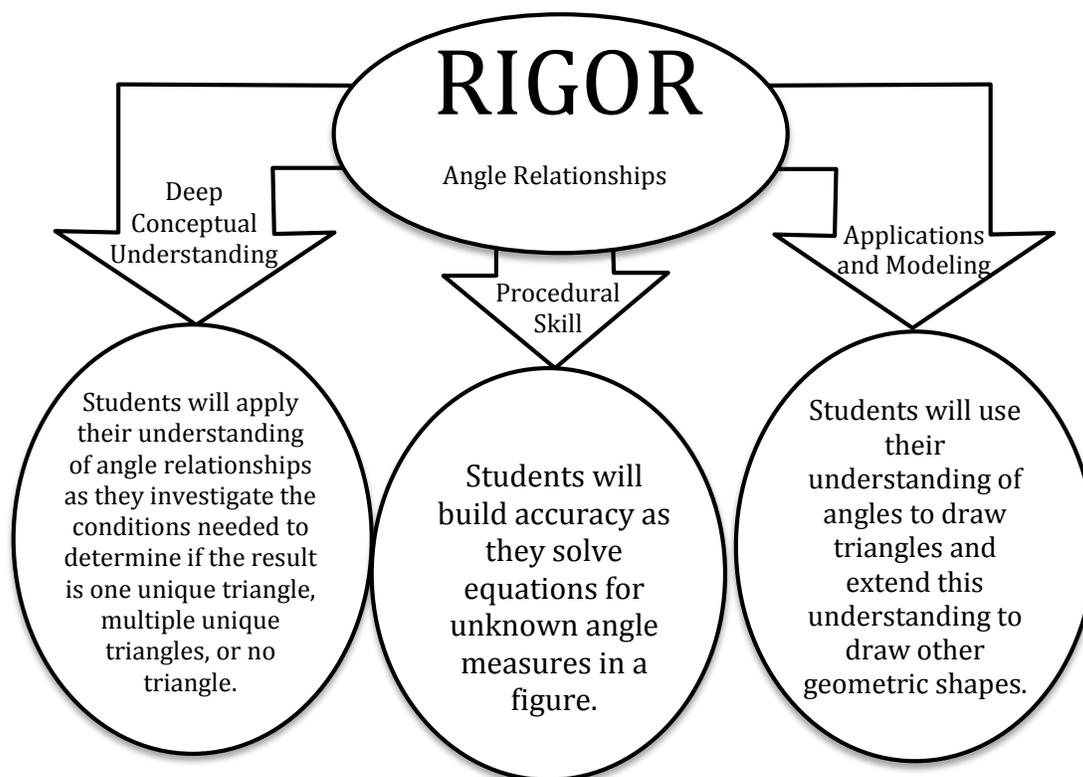
Topic 2

Measurement in Two and Three Dimensions

**Angle Relationships**

Topic	<b>Learning Goals by <u>Common Core State Standard</u></b> <i>Students will be able to...</i>
<b>Angle Relationships</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Draw (freehand, with ruler and protractor, and with technology) geometric shapes with given conditions. Focus on <a href="#">constructing triangles from three measures of angles</a> or sides, noticing when the conditions determine a unique triangle, more than one triangle, or no triangle.</li><li>• Use facts about <a href="#">supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent</a> angles in a multi-step problem to <a href="#">write and solve simple equations for an unknown angle in a figure</a>.</li></ul> <p><i>Instructional videos in the hyperlinks above are meant to support C2.0 content, but may use vocabulary or strategies not emphasized by MCPS.</i></p>

The Common Core State Standards require a balance of three fundamental components that result in rigorous mathematics acquisition: deep conceptual understanding, procedural skill, and mathematical applications and modeling.



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Unit 3: Expressing Geometric Relationships

Topic 2: Angle Relationships

## Learning Experiences by Common Core State Standard



In school, your child will...

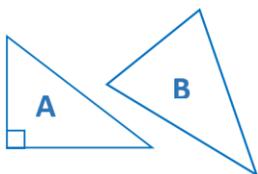


At home, your child can...

### Topic 2: Angle Relationships

- Draw (freehand, with ruler and protractor, and with technology) geometric shapes with given conditions. Focus on constructing triangles from three measures of angles or sides, noticing when the conditions determine a unique triangle, more than one triangle, or no triangle.

Use your protractor to measure the angles of triangles A and B. Use your ruler to measure the side lengths of triangles A and B (in cm). Label the angle measures and side lengths.



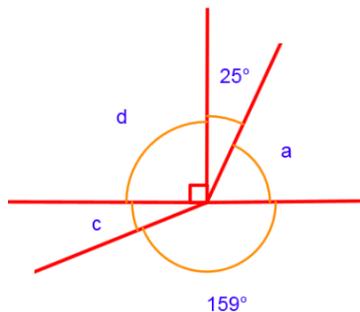
- Use facts about supplementary, complementary, vertical, and adjacent angles in a multi-step problem to write and solve simple equations for an unknown angle in a figure.

Write and solve equations to determine the unknown angle measures below:

$$c + 159 = 180$$

$$a + 25 = 90$$

$$m\angle d = 90^\circ, \text{ so } a + 90 + 25 = 180$$



- Practice identifying and measuring sketched angles using a protractor. Practice rotating the interactive protractor into proper position to measure each given angle at <http://www.mathplayground.com/measuringangles.html>.
- Investigate a local street system design using a street map or by visiting Google© maps.
  - Locate and label the different angles on the map and use a protractor for measuring.
  - Locate pairs of intersecting roads and determine the angle relationship that exists. Use a protractor to confirm the relationship.
  - Determine if any series of intersecting roads results in a triangle and identify the type of triangle that is represented.
- Examine a soccer field and see how angle measures are at work. Visit the CK12 PLIX (Play Learn Interact Xplore): [Corner Kick](#). To access the PLIX, you will need to create a free user account.

#### Additional Resources

- [Angle Relationships: complementary and supplementary angles](#) (online matching game)
- [Interactive Angles Teaching Tool](#) (online practice)
- [Supplementary and Complementary Angles](#) (online skills practice)
- [IXL Math: Identify complementary, supplementary, vertical, adjacent, and congruent angles](#) (online practice)
- [Triangles Side and Angles](#) (online tutorial)
- [Khan Academy: Constructing Triangles](#) (online practice)

[Grade 7 Standards Unit 3 Topic 2: Angle Relationships](#) (flexbook)

*Additional Practice links support C2.0 content, but may use vocabulary or strategies not emphasized by MCPS.*