Chapter Brake System Technology



Name	Date
nstructor	Score
Objective: After studying this chapter, you will be able to describe to rake system.	the operating principles of an automotive
Basic Brake System	
1. Automotive provide a means of using friction to slow, stop, or hold the wheels of a vehicle.	
2. Describe how hydraulic brakes function.	
3. With brakes, a conventional hydraulic brake system is combined with an electric regenerative braking system provided by the hybrid's driveline.	
4. Name and describe the basic parts of an automotive brake syst <i>Brake pedal assembly</i> :	tem.
Master cylinder:	
	>
Brake booster:	
Brake lines and hoses:	

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Nan	ne
Bra	aking Ratio
11.	Define braking ratio.
12.	How much braking power do the front wheel brakes handle?
	 13. Technician A says front-wheel-drive cars can have a very low braking ratio at the front wheels. Technician B says front-wheel-drive cars can have a very high braking ratio at the front wheels. Who is right? (A) A only. (B) B only. (C) Both A and B. (D) Neither A nor B.
	ake System Hydraulics
14.	A hydraulic system uses a(n) to transmit motion and pressure.
15.	List the three principles that apply to the operation of a hydraulic system.
16.	When hydraulic of different sizes are used, motion and force can be increased or decreased.
Bra	ake System Components
	 The is a lever arm to increase the force applied to the master cylinder piston. (A) push rod (B) master cylinder (C) firewall (D) brake pedal assembly

	List the parts of a master cylinder.	
	What is used to pressurize the brake system?	
	The master cylinder (compensating/intake) port,	
	or vent, allows fluid to enter the rear of the cylinder as	
	the piston slides forward.	
	The (compensating/intake) port releases extra pressure when the piston returns to the released position.	
	The master cylinder has two separate hydraulic pistons and two fluid reservoirs.	
	Identify the parts of the master cylinder.	
		(A)
		(B)
	E	(C)
	D	(D)
		(E)
	C	(F)
	G	
		(G)
0	H	(H)
/	A	(I)
		(J)
	K	(K)
	M / -O	(L)
1		(L)

(D) Neither A nor B.

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33.	Name the two organizations that write specifications for brake fluid.
34.	What are six desirable properties of brake fluid?
35.	Brake and brake transfer fluid pressure from the master cylinder to the wheel brake assemblies.
	36. A is used when a single brake line must feed two wheel cylinders.
	(A) junction block(B) fuse block
	(C) combination valve
37	(D) diagonal valve What is a longitudinally split brake system?
57.	vvitat is a tongituutuuty spitt otuke system:
38.	True or False? Disc brakes are like the brakes on a tenspeed bicycle.
	39. The is included in a brake caliper assembly.
	(A) cylinder cup (B) master cylinder
	(C) piston seal(D) return spring

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). Identify the components of the disc brake assembly.	
A	
questions 41–43, match the following terms and identifying phrases.	
41. Keeps road dirt and water off the caliper piston and the wall of the cylinder.	(A) Piston seal(B) Piston boot
42. Allows air to be removed from the hydraulic brake system.43. Prevents pressure leakage between the piston and the cylinder.	(C) Bleeder screw
 Disc brake pads are to which linings are riveted. 45. Technician A says newer vehicles use brake pad linings made of heat-semimetallic friction materials. Technician B says newer vehicles use asbestos. Who is right? (A) A only. (B) B only. (C) Both A and B. (D) Neither A nor B. 	-resistant organic or
are frequently used to keep the brake pads from	
vibrating and rattling. Why is a pad-wear sensor sometimes used?	
. What is a <i>brake disc</i> ?	

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	49.	(A) (B) (C)	of the following are true about brake discs, except: they may be solid or vented. the ventilated disc has a series of ribs. they may be an integral part of the wheel hub. the brake disc is normally made of aluminum.	
50.	Define fl	loating	caliper.	
	51.	Tech calip	nnician A says the sliding caliper uses more than one pig per disc brake is a one-piston caliper. Who is right?	ston. Technician B says the fixed
		-	A only.	
			B only.	
		,	Both A and B.	
		(D)	Neither A nor B.	
52.	Why are	e float	ing and sliding calipers used?	

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53	List the	parts	of a drum brake assembly.	
		F		
	54.	. The	backing plate holds all of the following drum brake co	mponents, except:
		(A)	brake drum.	
		(B)		
			wheel cylinder.	
		(D)	springs.	
55.	What is	the p	urpose of a wheel cylinder assembly?	
		-		
56.	What w	heel o	cylinder component keeps road dirt and water out?	
			7	

Ivam	e
57.	Explain the function of a wheel cylinder <i>bleeder screw</i> .
58.	Name two ways linings are attached to brake shoes?
	59. Technician A says the secondary brake shoe is the front shoe. Technician B says the primary shoe
	has the shorter lining. Who is right? (A) A only. (B) B only. (C) Both A and B. (D) Neither A nor B.
60.	pull the brake shoes away from the brake drums
61.	Some manufacturers use instead of hold-down springs and locking cups.
62.	What are brake springs made of?
	 63. Technician A says the brake shoe adjuster maintains the correct drum-to-lining clearance. Technician B says many vehicles use a star wheel-type brake shoe adjusting mechanism. Who is right? (A) A only. (B) B only. (C) Both A and B. (D) Neither A nor B.
64	Explain how automatic brake shoe adjusters normally function.
04.	Explain flow automatic brake shoc adjusters normally ranction.
65.	provide a rubbing surface for the brake shoe lining

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	66. The brake shoes are drawn tighter against the drum by
	(A) shoe action
	(B) self-energizing action
	(C) inertia action
	(D) capillary action
67.	Define servo action.
68.	Because of servo action, (more/less) wheel
	cylinder hydraulic pressure is needed to apply the brakes.
69.	Name the three switches commonly used in brake systems.

	70. Technician A says most modern cars use a mechanical stoplight switch. Technician B says most modern cars use a hydraulically operated stoplight switch. Who is right?(A) A only.
	(B) B only.
	(C) Both A and B.
	(D) Neither A nor B.
71.	What switch warns the driver of a pressure loss on one side of a dual brake system?
72.	Where is the low-fluid warning light switch usually mounted?
	73. Many brake systems use to regulate the pressure to each wheel cylinder.
	(A) brake warning light switches
	(B) check valves
	(C) control valves
	(D) differential valves
	74. The metering valve prevents the front brake from applying until the pressure reaches
	(A) 25–50 psi
	(B) 50–125 psi
	(C) 75–135 psi
	(D) 100–150 psi

	 75. Technician A says a metering valve is designed to equalize braking action at each wheel during light braking. Technician B says a proportioning valve is used to equalize pressure in systems with front disc and rear drum brakes. Who is right? (A) A only. (B) B only. (C) Both A and B. (D) Neither A nor B.
76.	Where is the proportioning valve normally located?
77.	A(n) valve is a single unit that functions as a brake warning light switch, a metering valve, and/or a proportioning valve.
	king Brakes
78.	Parking brakes provide a(n) means (cables and levers) of applying the brakes.
79.	Describe the parking brake action on vehicles with disc brakes.
Hyl	brid Brakes
80.	Today's hybrid vehicles are equipped with braking systems.