First Grade Reading Newsletter

Marking Period 2, Part 1

MT	Learning Goals by Measurement Topic (MT) Students will be able to
Informational Text	 use key details to identify (find and name) the main topic of a text. use illustrations to describe key details in a text. ask questions to clarify information about a topic.
Language: Vocabulary	 use common word endings (-s, -ing, -ed) to figure out the meaning of a word. define words by categories or by one or more key attributes.

Thinking and Academic Success Skills (TASS)									
	<u>It is</u>	In reading, students will							
Fluency	generating multiple responses to a problem or idea.	 ask questions about the main topic of an informational text in many different ways. list many ideas about first grade topics such as how people live in different places around the world, family lifestyles or traditions, and safety around strangers. 							
Intellectual Risk Taking	accepting uncertainty or challenging the norm to reach a goal.	 try many different strategies (e.g. asking questions, think about what you already know, reread, stop, retell, or ask a friend) to help understand information about new topics. be willing to change predictions based on new key details. add to what is known based on new information in a text. My prediction was right!! I thought I thought I thought I thought I thought I learned I learned I thought							

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Learning Experiences by Measurement Topic (MT)											
MT		In school, your child will				At home, your child can					
Informational Text	•	topic. look at illustrations identify (find and refrom photographs.	n reading confusing		 read every night. Try books, menus, newspapers, advertisements, etc. tell the main topic of an informational text after reading (e.g. "This flyer is about bringing in food for people in need."). look at photographs to tell key details (e.g. "Our photographs show that we swam in the ocean water, made a sandcastle, and had a picnic lunch.") and tell the main topic (e.g. "The main topic is our family beach vacation."). 						
<u>.</u>	 listen to or read a text that has words with common word endings such as "-s" to recognize plural nouns. use the word endings "-ing" and "-ed" to tell when 			 look for plural words that end with "-s" (e.g. fork → forks, book → books). look for words that end with "-ing" (now) and "-ed" (past). Discuss how these words often show when the action is happening. 							
nla.		something is happening (e.g. jumping, jumped).				Past	Present (now)	Non-example			
Vocabulary	•	sort words into groups by one or more key attributes:				looked	look or looking	king			
_						talked	talk or talking	red			
-anguage:		Transportation			sort snacks (or any other items around the house) into groups and explain						
		has wheels	animals	on water	how th	how the groups were made using attributes (e.g. "I put strawberries,					
Lar		motorcycle car bicycle	donkey horse	sailboat canoe swimming	apples, and tomatoes together because they all are red and have seeds."). Sort again using the same items, but different attributes to show fluency (e.g. by size, shape, or taste etc.).						

attributes: characteristics of something or someone

Example:

Attributes of a bicycle include:

Has two wheels
Moves by pedaling
Used for transportation

key details: important details that support the main topic



main topic: the central focus in an informational text

Example:



The main topic of this book is magnets.

http://www.amazon.com/Push-Pull-Magnets-Science-Definitions/dp/1602535132

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