# First Grade Mathematics Newsletter 

Marking Period 4, Part 1

| MT | Learning Goals by Measurement Topic (MT) <br> Students will be able to ... |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - use written methods that relate to place-value models when asked to: <br> - add a 2-digit number to a 2-digit number ending in 0 . subtract 2 -digit numbers ending in 0 . add a 1-digit number and a 2-digit number ending in 0 . |  |
| ² <br>  <br> 0 <br> 0 <br> 0 | - identify, describe, and shapes by their attri <br> - compose (put toget <br> - compose (put toget | compare 2-dimensional and 3-dimensional utes. <br> r) 2-dimensional shapes. <br> r) 3-dimensional shapes. <br> ional shapes <br> attributes of 3-dimensional shapes $\qquad$ corner |
| Thinking and Academic Success Skills (TASS) |  |  |
|  | It is . . |  |
|  | creating ideas and solutions that are novel or unique to the individual, group, or situation. | - solve 2-digit addition and subtraction problems in new ways using models and written methods. <br> - develop a variety of written models to solve 2-digit addition and subtraction problems. <br> - use 2-dimensional shapes to create composite shapes. <br> - use 3-dimensional shapes to create composite shapes. <br> A composite shape is an object made up of two or more basic shapes. |
|  | knowing and being aware of one's own thinking and having the ability to monitor and evaluate one's own thinking. | - self-monitor (check for understanding) when solving 2-digit addition problems by reflecting on strategies and applying new thinking when necessary. <br> - explain the thinking process used when sorting shapes by attributes. |

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Marking Period 4, Part 1

## Learning Experiences by Measurement Topic (MT)

| MT | In school, your child will . . . |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - use a variety of written methods that relate to place-value models when solving 2 -digit addition problems. A possible written method and verbal explanation for $\square=24+8$ is shown below. |  |  |
|  | place-value model using base-10 blocks | written method | verbal explanation |
|  |  | $\left.\begin{array}{c\|c}7 & 0 \\ \hline 112 & 4 \\ 1 & 8 \\ 0 & 0 \\ \hline 3 & 2\end{array}\right]$. | "I know that 24 can be written as 2 tens and 4 ones. I added 8 ones and I got a total of 12 ones. I composed a ten, which left 2 ones in the ones place and gave me a new total of 3 tens in the tens place. My answer is 32. ." |

- identify attributes of 2-dimensional shapes. Attributes include the number of sides and corners on a triangle, rectangle, and square.

- identify attributes of 3-dimensional shapes. Attributes include the number of faces, edges, and vertices on a cube, prism, cone, cylinder, and sphere.
- create a given composite shape using original combinations of various 2-dimensional shapes.
four possible ways to compose a rectangle out of 2-dimensional shapes


- go on a 2-dimensional shape scavenger hunt around the house. Draw and label the shapes found.
- create an original shape museum! Collect and display 3 -dimensional shapes found around the house in a shape museum. Examples include boxes, cans, balls, etc.
http://www.pbs.org/parents/education/math/games/preschool-kindergarten/building-sandcastles/

