# First Grade Mathematics Newsletter 

Marking Period 1, Part 1


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Marking Period 1, Part 1

## Learning Experiences by Measurement Topic (MT)

|  | In ${ }^{2}$ In school, your child will . | At home, your child can |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | - count forward and backward using tools such as a 1-120 chart and a number line. <br> - identify missing numbers on a 1-120 chart. <br> - identify numbers that are one more/one less and ten more/ten less than a given number verbally, in writing, and in pictures. <br> - compare numbers based on tens and ones by playing math games. Example: The number 54 is greater than the number 45 because it has 5 tens in the tens place and 5 tens is greater than the 4 tens in 45. <br> - model numbers using Digi-blocks and base-10 blocks. <br> - represent a 2-digit number in different groupings and explain groupings used. Example: 12 <br> The number 12 can be represented as 1 ten and 2 ones or 12 ones. The value of the 1 in 12 is 10 . The value of the 2 in 12 is 2. | - count collections of objects (pennies, snacks, street signs, etc.). <br> - represent numbers 1-120 using words, numerals, pictures, and objects. Two examples are shown below. |
|  |  | Numer |
|  |  | five 50 5 |
|  |  |  |
|  |  | - organize a collection of up to 120 objects into groups of ten and skip count by ten. |
|  |  | - play a collaborative number game! Identify a number that is one more/one less and ten more/ten less than a number given by a family member or friend. <br> - count by tens up to a given multiple of $10(30,40,50$, etc.) while doing jumping jacks, skipping, clapping, singing, etc. <br> - use this website to practice working with numbers: http://nlvm.usu.edu/en/nav/frames_asid_152_g_1_t_1.html?from= category_g_1_t_1.html |
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