## **Third Grade Reading Newsletter**

Marking Period 1, Part 1

| MT                      | Learning Goals by Measurement Topic (MT)  Students will be able to  |            |  |  |  |  |  |
|-------------------------|---|------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Literature              | <ul> <li>identify characteristics of realistic fiction and find examples of</li> <li>explain how the character's actions affect the sequence of ever identify different points of view.</li> <li>make connections between story events to determine central message.</li> <li>determine the meaning of non-literal language within text.</li> </ul> |            |  |  |  |  |  |
| Language:<br>Vocabulary | <ul> <li>participate in collaborative discussions.</li> <li>understand an unknown word based on a known root word.</li> <li>determine the meaning of a new word formed when a prefix or suffix is added.</li> </ul>   | Characters |  |  |  |  |  |

| Thinking and Academic Success Skills (TASS) |  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
|   | <u>It is:</u>  | In reading, students will   |   |  |  |  |  |
| Analysis                                    | breaking down a whole into parts that may not be immediately obvious and examining the parts so that the structure of the whole is understood. | <ul> <li>identify and examine parts of a story to determine if the story is an example of realistic fiction.</li> <li>determine character traits based on a character's words, thought and actions.</li> <li>determine whether words or phonomore</li> <li>oxymoron</li> <li>clearly misunderstood</li> </ul> | explain within classify Sort parts patterns dissection categories differences ingredients relationships compare deconstruction meaning Separation similarities breakdown attributes  Analysis analysis whole  sees are examples of non-literal language.  definition  the meaning of something is obviously unknown |  |  |  |  |
| Collaboration                               | working effectively<br>and respectfully to<br>reach a group goal.  | <ul> <li>create and follow rules for<br/>respectful group discussions.</li> <li>participate in group discussions<br/>by coming prepared, supporting<br/>personal ideas, and asking<br/>questions of others.</li> </ul>  | responsibility interaction interdependence collaboration communication  |  |  |  |  |

## **Third Grade Reading Newsletter**

Marking Period 1, Part 1

| Learning Experiences by Measurement Topic (MT) |   |   |           |  |   |   |  |
|--|---|---|-----------|--|---|---|--|
| MT   | In school   | , your child will   |           | ,=g#,  | At home, your child can   | <u></u>   |  |
| Literature                                     | <ul> <li>complete graphic organizers to describe characteristics of realistic fiction.</li> <li>explain how a character's actions influence the sequence of events.</li> <li>identify and explain a personal point of view after reading or listening to a text using key details from the story.</li> <li>use key details from a text to predict the central message and determine a character's point of view.</li> </ul> |   |           | <ul> <li>read every night.</li> <li>choose a realistic fiction story and act it out. Keep going: Change the age of the main character and act the story out again. What would be different?</li> <li>explain how a decision made during the day influenced the sequence of events of his or her day. Example: "If I fight with my friend before school then at recess"</li> <li>compare family members' points of view relating to the same topic.</li> <li>We want to go on the rollercoaster!</li> </ul> |   |   |  |
| Language:<br>Vocabulary                        | <ul> <li>revise personal ideas or opinions after participating in collaborative discussions.</li> <li>add prefixes or suffixes to root words to create new words.</li> </ul>  |   |           | <ul> <li>select an overused word (such as "nice"). Set a timer and see who can come up with other words to replace it (such as "kind" or "friendly").</li> <li>participate in family discussions in a meaningful way using complete sentences.</li> <li>determine the meaning of unknown words read in a text or heard in a conversation ("You said I thinkmeans because").</li> </ul>   |   |   |  |
| Glossary                                       | central message: the lesson or message the writer wants to get across in his/her story  | <b>key details:</b> details that support the message or topic in the text | that do i | nguage: words<br>not deviate from<br>mon or dictionary   | non-literal language: words that alter the usual meaning of words in order to achieve special effect or | point of view: perspective from which the story is told or viewpoint from which |  |

meaning

information is written