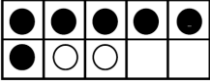



Kindergarten Mathematics Newsletter

Marking Period 4, Part 1







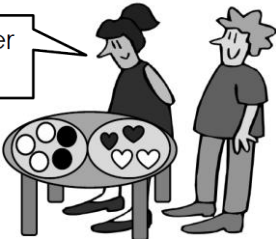

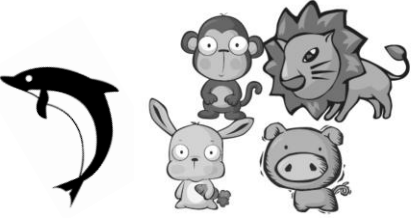
| MT | Learning Goals by Measurement Topic (MT) <u>Students will be able to . . .</u> |
|--|---|
| Operations and Algebraic Thinking | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> compose or decompose and represent different pairs of numbers through 10 (e.g. 3 and 4 is 7, $6 + 1 = 7$, 7 is 5 and 2). record equations to represent different pairs of numbers through 10. represent addition and subtraction using a ten frame, objects, pictures, numbers, or words; and record solutions. <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; justify-content: center; gap: 20px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  $6 + 2 = 8$ </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  $4 = 5 - 1$ </div> </div> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> represent addition and subtraction by acting out story problems. add and compare sums (total) using math vocabulary (greater than, less/fewer than, equal to). add and subtract within 10. |

| Thinking and Academic Success Skills (TASS) | | |
|--|--|---|
| | <u>It is . . .</u> | <u>In mathematics, students will . . .</u> |
| Originality | creating ideas and solutions that are novel or unique to the individual, group, or situation. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> show number combinations in various ways. solve story problems using different strategies. create, act out, and represent story problems. |
| Metacognition | knowing and being aware of one's own thinking and having the ability to monitor and evaluate one's own thinking. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> explain how problems are solved. connect prior knowledge of numbers to solve equations and story problems. ask questions to clarify uncertainty when engaging in tasks. |

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Marking Period 4, Part 1

Learning Experiences by Measurement Topic (MT)

| MT |  <u>In school, your child will . . .</u> |  <u>At home, your child can . . .</u> |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|
| Operations and Algebraic Thinking | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> represent a number (through 10) by composing in different ways and recording the equation. <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  $3 + 2 = 5$ </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>1 and 4 is 5</p> </div> </div> represent a number (through 10) by decomposing in different ways and recording the equation. <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>4 take away 2 is 2</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  $3 = 4 - 1$ </div> </div> solve story problems by drawing pictures, acting out, using objects, or writing an equation. compare sums of different equations with a partner. <div style="text-align: center; margin-top: 20px;">  <div style="position: absolute; top: 620px; left: 130px; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> $3 + 2$ is greater than $2 + 2$. </div> <div style="position: absolute; top: 620px; left: 380px; border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> 5 is greater than 4. </div> </div> add and subtract to solve equations within 10. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> solve equations within 5 from memory by the end of the year. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> show ways to make a number by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> drawing a picture of boys and girls to show different combinations of 5. Repeat this for other numbers through 10. using small toys to show ways to make a group of 5. Repeat this for other numbers through 10. <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center; margin-top: 20px;"> <div style="text-align: center;">  <p>3 and 2 make 5</p> </div> <div style="text-align: center;">  $1 + 4 = 5$ </div> </div> use stuffed animals to act out a story problem (e.g. There are 3 teddy bears at the park. Then 1 went home. How many are still at the park?). use flash cards, playing cards, or dice to solve basic addition and subtraction facts within 5, building knowledge toward memory. |