## **Fourth Grade Reading Newsletter**

Marking Period 3, Part 1

MT	Learning Goals by Measurement Topic (MT)  Students will be able to		
Literature	<ul> <li>identify the relationship between characters and setting using details from the tex</li> <li>summarize a text to determine the theme.</li> <li>compare similar themes and topics within literature (myths, fantasies).</li> <li>use evidence from the text to support inferences made.</li> <li>describe characters in depth using text support.</li> <li>examine characteristics of myths and fantasies.</li> <li>use details from the text to state explicit (stated) and implicit (inferred) information</li> <li>examine the use of figurative language and draw inferences.</li> </ul>		
Language: Vocabulary	<ul> <li>use Greek and Latin affixes (prefixes, suffixes) and root words to determine meanings of words.</li> <li>use context clues to determine the meaning of words and phrases.</li> <li>apply strategies to clarify the meanings of unknown words and words with multiple meanings.</li> <li>define and use subject-specific vocabulary.</li> </ul>		

Thinking and Academic Success Skills (TASS)					
	<u>It is</u>	<u>In reading, students will</u>			
Evaluation	weighing evidence, examining claims, and questioning facts to make judgments based upon criteria.	<ul> <li>question facts to make judgments about the validity of the information in various texts.</li> <li>justify choices or solutions a character makes.</li> <li>judge and justify the accuracy of inferences.</li> </ul> argument choice good criteria argument choice option effective effective effective			
Metacognition	knowing and being aware of one's own thinking and having the ability to monitor and evaluate one's own thinking.	<ul> <li>connect background knowledge to new learning.</li> <li>self-monitor comprehension of various genres of literature.</li> <li>seek clarification and adapt learning.</li> <li>evaluate thinking using questions such as:     "What don't I know?"     "What do I know?"     "How do I know?"</li> </ul>			

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Marking Period 3, Part 1

Learning Experiences by Measurement Topic				
MT	In school, your child will	At home, your child can		
Literature	<ul> <li>read a variety of literature to identify the characteristics of myths and fantasies.</li> <li>Myths (traditional stories) Fantasies</li> <li>passed down from generation to generation</li> <li>teaches a lesson or moral reflects cultures and time periods</li> <li>use background knowledge and information from literature (myths and fantasies) to make inferences.</li> <li>describe characters in depth using support from the text. What does the character say? What does the character do?</li> <li>make connections between written and visual presentations (picture, movie clip, skit, etc.) of myths.</li> <li>explain how a setting can affect a character's actions.</li> <li>compare the same theme within different stories.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>read books every night (myths, fantasies, and traditional stories).</li> <li>use digital materials to support learning of myths and fantasies.         <ul> <li>www.aaronshep.com/rt/RTE.html</li> <li>www.pitt.edu/~dash/folktexts.html</li> </ul> </li> <li>reinforce understanding of myths and fantasies by watching shows and/or movies based on myths and fantasies. (e.g. Hercules, The Hunchback of Notre Dame, Tale of Despereaux, Ratatouille, etc.)</li> <li>practice metacognition by thinking about how you go through a process and how it can be applied to other situations.         <ul> <li>Examples:</li> <li>Describe the process you use to select your clothes in the morning.</li> <li>Describe a process you use and have a family member guess what process you're describing. (Make it a game!)</li> </ul> </li> <li>practice the skill of evaluating. For example, create a skit for a commercial that compares two books and tells why one is better than the other.</li> </ul>		
Language: Vocabulary	<ul> <li>use reference materials (digital and print dictionary and thesaurus) to determine the meanings of key words and phrases.</li> <li>explore and explain the meaning of common idioms within a text. For example:         <ul> <li>'I smell a rat!'</li> <li>'It's raining cats and dogs!'</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>engage in activities to deepen understanding of idioms.</li> <li>Go to the public library and check out books on idioms.</li> <li>Draw pictures to match idioms and explain the actual meaning.</li> <li>Create a list of favorite idioms.</li> <li>Play a game with a friend to recall the most idioms.</li> <li>choose a new word from your reading, look it up on an online dictionary and record it in a vocabulary log.</li> </ul>		
Glossary	figurative language: any language that goes beyond the literal meaning of words in order to furnish new effects or fresh insights into an idea or a subject  theme: central or underlying message of the text into an idea or a subject			