Montgomery County Public Schools Lead in Drinking Water Testing Report

Carl Sandburg Learning Center 1002 First Street Rockville, MD 20850

Report Date: February 23rd, 2022

LEAD IN DRINKING WATER SAMPLE RESULTS SUMMARY

All Maryland public and nonpublic schools are required to sample all drinking water outlets for the presence of lead pursuant to the Code of Maryland Regulations (COMAR). Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) is required to remediate outlets where lead in drinking water concentrations exceed the Montgomery County Action Level (AL) of 5 parts per billion (ppb). A summary of the lead in water initial samples collected by SaLUT are presented in the table below.

Sampling Date	11/18/2021
# of Outlets Tested	30
# of Outlets ≥ 5 ppb	1

NEXT STEPS

If an initial sample exceeds the AL (5 ppb), the outlet will be immediately shut-down, a follow-up sample collected, and a remedial plan of action developed for this outlet. No additional sampling or remedial actions are required for schools where all initial samples are below the AL.

HEALTH EFFECTS OF LEAD

Lead can cause serious health problems if too much enters your body from drinking water or other sources. It can cause damage to the brain and kidneys, and can interfere with the production of red blood cells that carry oxygen to all parts of your body. The greatest risk of lead exposure is to infants, young children, and pregnant women. Lead is stored in the bones and it can be released later in life. During pregnancy, the fetus receives lead from the mother's bones, which may affect brain development. Scientists have linked the effects of lead on the brain with lowered IQ in children. Adults with kidney problems and high blood pressure can be affected by low levels of lead more than healthy adults.

SOURCES OF HUMAN EXPOSURE TO LEAD

There are many different sources of human exposure to lead. These include: lead-based paint, lead-contaminated dust or soil, some plumbing materials, certain types of pottery, pewter, brass fixtures, food, cosmetics, exposure in the work place and from certain hobbies. According to the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), 10 to 20 percent of a person's potential exposure to lead may come from drinking water, while for an infant consuming formula mixed with lead-containing water this may increase to 40 to 60 percent.

TO REDUCE EXPOSURE TO LEAD IN DRINKING WATER:

- 1. Run your water to flush out lead: If water hasn't been used for several hours, run water for 15 to 30 seconds or until it becomes cold or reaches a steady temperature before using it for drinking or cooking.
- 2. Use cold water for cooking and preparing baby formula: Lead from the plumbing dissolves more easily into hot water.

*Please note that boiling the water will not reduce lead levels.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

- 1. For additional information, please contact Brian Mullikin, Environmental Team Leader, at 240.740.2324 or brian_a_mullikin@mcpsmd.org.
- 2. For additional information on reducing lead exposure around your home/building and the health effects of lead, visit EPA's website at <u>www.epa.gov/lead</u>.
- 3. If you are concerned about exposure; contact your local health department or healthcare provider to find out how you can get your child tested for lead.

Please refer to the attachment(s) for additional water sampling information.

Attachment(s) A – Lead in Water Sample Results Table

Lead in Water Sample Results Table

Sampling Results for Carl Sandburg Learning Center

Fixture Barcode	Fixture Location	Fixture Type	Initial Results (ppb)	Pass/Fail	Follow up Results (ppb)	Status
LW03086	In classroom 1	Classroom Combination Sink	1.2	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11097	In classroom 106	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11098	In classroom 106	Classroom Combination Sink	5.0	Fail	1.1	Testing Complete
LW11099	In classroom 109	Classroom Combination Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11100	In classroom 109	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW10643	In classroom 110	Classroom Combination Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11101	In classroom 110	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW10644	In classroom 112	Classroom Combination Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW10865	In classroom 116	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW10866	In classroom 116	Classroom Combination Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11068	In classroom 120	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11069	In classroom 120	Classroom Combination Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11070	In classroom 122	In classroom 122 Classroom Combination Sink		Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11071	In classroom 122	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW10867	In classroom 123	Classroom Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11063	In classroom 123	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11064	In classroom 123	Classroom Combination Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11072	In classroom 124	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11073	In classroom 124	Classroom Combination Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03097	In classroom 16	Classroom Combination Sink	1.7	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03094	In classroom 18	Classroom Combination Sink	1.2	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03082	In classroom 3	Classroom Combination Sink	2.4	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03080	In classroom 4	Classroom Combination Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03081	In classroom 4	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	1.6	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03092	In classroom 6	Classroom Combination Sink	1.2	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03090	In classroom 7	Classroom Combination Sink	1.5	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03088	In Classroom 8	Classroom Combination Sink	3.5	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03076	In faculty room	Classroom Combination Sink	1.2	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03079	In hallway	Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11075	In hallway adjacent to 139	Bottle Filler	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete

LW10645	In hallway adjacent to 150	Bottle Filler		Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03075	In hallway adjacent to kitchen	kitchen Drinking Fountain		Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11102	In hallway adjacent to room 139	Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11103	In hallway adjacent to room 139	Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW10861	In hallway adjacent to room 150	Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW10862	In hallway adjacent to room 150	Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11065	In hallway adjacent to room 163	Bottle Filler	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11066	In hallway adjacent to room 163	Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11067	In hallway adjacent to room 163	Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03104	In hallway between B&g bathroom	Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03073	In health room	Nurses Office Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
M02509	In kitchen	Kitchen Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03074	In kitchen	Kitchen Sink	2.4	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW10863	In life skills lab 114	b 114 Classroom Sink		Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW10864	In office 116A	Teacher's Lounge Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03078	In office 11B	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03077	In office 11B	Classroom Combination Sink	1.3	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW11074	In work room 100C	Teacher's Lounge Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete

Montgomery County Public Schools Lead in Drinking Water Testing Report

Carl Sandburg Center 451 Meadow Hall Drive Rockville, MD 20851

Report Date: April 1st, 2020

LEAD IN DRINKING WATER SAMPLE RESULTS SUMMARY

All Maryland public and nonpublic schools are required to sample all drinking water outlets for the presence of lead pursuant to the Code of Maryland Regulations (COMAR). Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) is required to remediate outlets where lead in drinking water concentrations exceed the Montgomery County Action Level (AL) of 5 parts per billion (ppb). A summary of the lead in water initial samples collected by SaLUT are presented in the table below.

Sampling Date	3/6/2020
# of Outlets Tested	18
# of Outlets ≥ 5 ppb	0

NEXT STEPS

If an initial sample exceeds the AL (5 ppb), the outlet will be immediately shut-down, a follow-up sample collected, and a remedial plan of action developed for this outlet. No additional sampling or remedial actions are required for schools where all initial samples are below the AL.

HEALTH EFFECTS OF LEAD

Lead can cause serious health problems if too much enters your body from drinking water or other sources. It can cause damage to the brain and kidneys, and can interfere with the production of red blood cells that carry oxygen to all parts of your body. The greatest risk of lead exposure is to infants, young children, and pregnant women. Lead is stored in the bones and it can be released later in life. During pregnancy, the fetus receives lead from the mother's bones, which may affect brain development. Scientists have linked the effects of lead on the brain with lowered IQ in children. Adults with kidney problems and high blood pressure can be affected by low levels of lead more than healthy adults.

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- 3. If you are concerned about exposure; contact your local health department or healthcare provider to find out how you can get your child tested for lead.

Please refer to the attachment(s) for additional water sampling information.

Attachment(s) A – Lead in Water Sample Results Table

Lead in Water Sample Results Table

Sampling Results for Carl Sandburg Center

Fixture Barcode	Fixture Location Fixture Type		Initial Results (ppb)	Pass/Fail	Follow up Results (ppb)	Status
LW03073	In office health room	Nurses Office Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03074	In kitchen	Kitchen Sink	2.4	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03075	In hallway across from kitchen	Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03076	In office inside of Faculty room	Classroom Combination Sink	1.2	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03077	In office 11B	Classroom Combination Sink	1.3	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03078	In office 11B	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03079	In hallway	Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03080	In classroom 4 Classroom Combination Sink		<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03081	In classroom 4	Classroom Combination Drinking Fountain	1.6	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03086	In classroom 1	Classroom Combination Sink	1.2	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03092	In classroom 6	Classroom Combination Sink	1.2	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03094	In classroom 18	Classroom Combination Sink	1.2	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03097	In classroom 16	Classroom Combination Sink	1.7	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03104	In hallway between B&g bathroom	Drinking Fountain	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
M02509	In kitchen by kitchen	Kitchen Sink	<1	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03088	In Classroom 8	Classroom Combination Sink	3.5	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete
LW03082	In classroom 3 Classroom Combination Sink 2.4 Pass		N/A	Testing Complete		
LW03090	In classroom 7	Classroom Combination Sink	1.5	Pass	N/A	Testing Complete



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Montgomery County Public Schools Lead in Drinking Water Testing 2018

Executive Summary:

Carl Sandburg Center

451 Meadow Hall Drive

Rockville, Maryland 20851

Date of Test Report:	3/9/2018
Round of Testing:	Initial
# of Outlets Tested:	28
# of Outlets ≥ 20 ppb:	0
Low Value (ppb):	<1.0
High Value (ppb):	8.8

Project Status:

Initial testing complete; All results less than 20 ppb.



3/9/2018

Mr. Brian Mullikin, MS Environmental Team Leader Montgomery County Public Schools Division of Maintenance Gaithersburg, Maryland 20879

Re: Drinking Water Testing

KCI Job #1214634186

Location: Carl Sandburg Center 451 Meadow Hall Drive Rockville, Maryland 20851

Dear Mr. Mullikin:

KCI Technologies, Inc. (KCI) is pleased to submit the following report to the Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) for completion of Initial lead in water testing at Carl Sandburg Center, located at 451 Meadow Hall Drive in Rockville, Maryland 20851.

SCOPE OF SERVICES

KCI conducted lead in water testing at Carl Sandburg Center in accordance with the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and Maryland House Bill (HB) 270. State regulation established an action level of 20 parts per billion (ppb) to evaluate lead levels in school buildings, a concentration EPA recommends that schools take action to reduce lead below this action level. Maryland requires periodic testing for the presence of lead in drinking water in occupied public and nonpublic school buildings. EPA developed the 3T's (Training, Testing, and Telling) to assist schools in reducing the lead concentrations in their drinking water. More information about 3T's can be found on the EPA website.

KCI visited the site on 2/14/2018 and 2/15/2018 to collect samples from 28 drinking water outlets in accordance with current criteria described by the Maryland Department of the Environment (MDE) Draft Lead in Drinking Water - Public and Nonpublic Schools, Title 26, Subtitle 16 Lead, Chapter 07.

Samples were submitted to a laboratory for lead in water analysis using current US EPA methodology. The laboratory has been certified by the Maryland Department of the Environment to analyze drinking water for lead.

RESULTS

There are no results of the lead in water analysis at or above 20 parts per billion (ppb). The lead in water sample results for sample collection date 2/15/2018 are shown in Attachment A.

DISCUSSION

Lead is a naturally occurring element that can be harmful to humans when ingested or inhaled, particularly to children under the age of six. Lead can adversely affect the development of children's brain potentially leading to detrimental alterations in intelligence and behavior. Lead has been historically used in plumbing, paint and other building materials. Lead is released into the environment from industrial sources and fuel combustion. Lead may also be found in consumer products (imported candy, medicines, toys, dishes, etc.).

Most lead leaches into drinking water from contact with plumbing components such as faucets and valves made of brass or lead-containing solder. The physical and chemical interaction that occurs between the plumbing and water directly contributes to the amount of lead that is released into the water. Although plumbing components installed prior to the 1990's could contain more lead than newer materials, the amount of lead in the drinking water cannot be predicted by the age of building. The purpose of this regulation is to establish a program to minimize the risk of exposure to lead in drinking water outlets at schools.

Simple steps like keeping your home clean and well-maintained will go a long way in preventing lead exposure. These steps include inspecting and maintaining all painted surfaces to prevent paint deterioration, using only cold water to prepare food and drinks, flushing water outlets used for drinking or food preparation, and cleaning around painted areas where friction can generate dust, such as doors, windows, and drawers. Wipe these areas with a wet sponge or rag to remove paint chips or dust, and wash children's hands, bottles, pacifiers and toys often.

Respectfully Submitted, KCI Technologies, Inc.

Kara Pleller

Kamau McAbee MDE Certified Water Sampler #8281KM

Attachment: A- Lead in Water Test Summary Table

Lead in Water Test Summary Table

Lead in Water Test Summary Table

Contractor: KCI Technologies, Inc.

Certified Laboratory: Microbac Laboratories, Inc.

Sample Results for Carl Sandburg Center

Barcode ID	Room #	Location	Location Notes	Equipment Type	Results (PPB)*	Pass/Fail	Status
LW03073		Office	Health Room	Faucet	<1.0	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03074		Kitchen		Faucet	4	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03075		Hallway	Across From Kitchen	Cooler	<1.0	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03076		Office	Inside Of Faculty Room	Faucet	2.1	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03077	11B	Office		Faucet	2.9	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03078	11B	Office		Bubbler - Indoor	1.1	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03079		Hallway		Cooler	<1.0	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03080	4	Classroom		Faucet	3.1	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03081	4	Classroom		Bubbler - Indoor	2.9	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03082	3	Classroom		Faucet	6.1	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03083	3	Classroom		Bubbler - Indoor	3.8	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03084	2	Classroom		Faucet	3.7	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03085	2	Classroom		Bubbler - Indoor	2.6	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03086	1	Classroom		Faucet	4.6	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03088	8	Classroom		Faucet	8.3	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03089	8	Classroom		Bubbler - Indoor	6.1	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03090	7	Classroom		Faucet	5.3	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03091	7	Classroom		Bubbler - Indoor	8.8	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03092	6	Classroom		Faucet	2.6	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03093	6	Classroom		Bubbler - Indoor	7.7	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03094	18	Classroom		Faucet	4	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03097	16	Classroom		Faucet	4.3	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03098	16	Classroom		Faucet	8.7	Pass	Testing Complete

Barcode ID	Room #	Location	Location Notes	Equipment Type	Results (PPB)*	Pass/Fail	Status
LW03100	12	Classroom		Bubbler - Indoor	5.7	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03101	12	Classroom		Faucet	3.6	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03102	10	Classroom		Faucet	1.9	Pass	Testing Complete
LW03104		Hallway	Between B&g Bathroom	Cooler	1.2	Pass	Testing Complete
M02509		Kitchen Kitchen		Faucet	4.9	Pass	Testing Complete

*PPB = parts per billion