

FISCAL YEAR 2020 SPECIAL EDUCATION STAFFING PLAN

Table of Contents

	Pages
Fiscal Year 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan Resolution	E2
Fiscal Year 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan	E3-E15
Fiscal Year 2020 MCPS Special Education and Related Services Budget Guidelines	Attachment A
Fiscal Year 2020 Projected Special Education Enrollment, Services, and Positions	Attachment B
Fiscal Year 2018–2020 Special Education Improvement and Priorities Based on Staff and Community Member Input	Attachment C
Fiscal Year 2020 MCPS Special Education Staffing Plan and Operating Budget Timeline	Attachment D
Fiscal Year 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan Committee	Attachment E
Fiscal Year 2020 Professional Development Plan—Teacher Sessions	Attachment F
Fiscal Year 2020 Professional Development Plan—Paraeducator Sessions	Attachment G

Special Education Staffing Plan

The Code of Maryland Regulations (COMAR) requires each local school system to submit an annual special education staffing plan to the Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE). The plan must demonstrate public input and be approved by the local Board of Education prior to its submission to MSDE. The locally approved staffing plan is submitted to MSDE annually by July 1 with the local application for federal funds. MSDE reviews the staffing plan and advises the local agency if there is a need for additional information or revisions. If revisions are required, the local agency must submit the revised staffing plan by September 30. The required elements of the staffing plan include the following:

- Evidence of public input
- Evidence of maintenance of effort within the meaning of 34 CFR §300.231, Maintenance of Effort, and COMAR 13A.02.05, Maintenance of Effort
- Staffing patterns of service providers of special education and related services
- The number and type of service providers needed to provide a free, appropriate public education (FAPE) for each student in the least restrictive environment (LRE)
- Local accountability and monitoring
- Evaluation of the local staffing plan for effectiveness
- Strategies to resolve concerns over staffing plans
- Evaluation of the local staffing plan for effectiveness
- Steps to secure public input in the development of the staffing plan
- Information on how the public agency will use the staffing plan to monitor the assignment of staff to ensure that personnel and other resources are available to provide FAPE to each student with a disability in the LRE.

The following resolution is recommended for your consideration:

WHEREAS, The Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE) requires each local school system to submit an annual staffing plan; and

WHEREAS, The Special Education Staffing Committee composed of parents, teachers, principals, special education staff, and special education advocates held one meeting in June of 2018 and will one meeting in January of 2019 with recommendations submitted to the Department of Special Education; and

WHEREAS, The FY 2020 Recommended Operating Budget includes all of the staffing plan elements required by the Maryland State Department of Education; now therefore be it

Resolved, That the Board of Education approve the FY 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan as included in the FY 2020 Recommended Operating Budget; and be it further

Resolved, That upon final approval of the FY 2020 Operating Budget in June 2019, the Special Education Staffing Plan will be submitted to MSDE.

FISCAL YEAR 2020 SPECIAL EDUCATION STAFFING PLAN
Montgomery County Public Schools
June 2019

Overview

The responsibility of the Office of Special Education (OSE) is to provide a Free Appropriate Public Education (FAPE) to all students with disabilities in need of special education and related services—

- within a comprehensive, collaborative, and individualized support system that enables access to the Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) curriculum;
- within the general education framework or the Alternate Learning Outcomes (ALOs) aligned with the curriculum;
- based on articulated curriculum targets aligned with the Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards (MCCRS) or ALO, as determined by the Individualized Education Program (IEP) team; and
- in the student's home school or home school cluster, to the maximum extent appropriate, in accordance with national, state, and local mandates.

Local school systems are required by the Code of Maryland Regulations (COMAR) 13A.05.02.13 D to develop a yearly Special Education Staffing Plan to ensure that sufficient staff members are available to meet the programming needs of students. The plan must be completed on or before July 1, with evidence of Montgomery County Board of Education (Board) approval. In addition, the plan is required to include the following:

- evidence of public input;
- evidence of maintenance of effort within the meaning of 34 CFR §300.231, *Maintenance of Effort*, and COMAR 13A.02.05, *Maintenance of Effort*;
- staffing patterns of service providers for special education and related services;
- consideration of time requirements beyond direct services;
- the number and type of service providers needed to provide FAPE to each student with a disability in the least restrictive environment (LRE);
- local accountability and monitoring;
- strategies to resolve concerns regarding staffing plans;
- evaluation of the local staffing plan for effectiveness;
- steps to secure public input in the development of the staffing plan; and
- information on how the public agency will use the staffing plan to monitor the assignment of staff members to ensure that personnel and other resources are available to provide FAPE to each student with a disability in the LRE.

Introduction

As required by the Maryland State Department of Education (MSDE), the MCPS *Fiscal Year (FY) 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan* provides evidence of public input, professional development, special education service descriptions (Attachment A), special education enrollment, the number and types of direct service providers (Attachment B), and the process for reviewing and making adjustments to staffing and maintenance of effort. In addition, the plan recommends

staffing priorities and recommendations for maintenance of initiatives for FY 2020 (Attachment C).

OSE recognizes and appreciates the Board's support of special education through previous budget initiatives and the funding of required improvements. Because of ongoing fiscal limitations, the Special Education Staffing Plan Committee focused on critical areas of special education programming. Those items that were not included in the *FY 2019 MCPS Program Budget* were considered by the committee, special education program staff members, the Department of Facilities Management (DFM), and Budget and Planning staff members during the FY 2020 budget process that began June 2018. (Attachment D)

As stated in the *MCPS Strategic Plan*, our core purpose is to prepare ALL students to thrive in their future. MCPS is committed to narrowing the achievement gap for all service groups. This commitment was reinforced by two major pieces of federal legislation that drive the delivery of special education services: the *Individuals with Disabilities Education Improvement Act* (IDEA 2004) and the *Every Student Succeeds Act* (ESSA). Board Policy IOB, *Education of Students with Disabilities*, further affirms the commitment of the school system to ensure the provision of FAPE.

MCPS collaborates and coordinates within the system and with agencies outside MCPS to ensure services are provided to special education students in accordance with the student's IEP. This includes, but is not limited to, behavioral, mental health, and counselor support. It also includes transition goals with work-related goals being met within the community.

IDEA mandates that "to the maximum extent appropriate" students with disabilities shall be "educated with children who are not disabled." Moreover, assignment to "special classes, separate schooling, or other removal of students with disabilities from the general education environment" should occur "only when the nature or severity of the disability of a child is such that education in general classes with the use of supplementary aids and services cannot be achieved satisfactorily." In addition to this LRE mandate, IDEA regulations require school districts to ensure that a student with disabilities is "educated in the school he or she would attend if nondisabled" unless the IEP requires some other arrangement.

MCPS uses Results Driven Accountability (RDA) meetings to evaluate our system's performance in alignment with the federal and state RDA measures. The outcome of this process drives our general supervision responsibilities for internal monitoring, targeted professional learning opportunities (PLOs) for schools, and ultimately our strategic plan, which drives student success.

ESSA holds schools accountable for improved educational outcomes for all students. ESSA specifically mandates testing and disaggregation of test results to show progress for students with disabilities and other identified student subgroups.

Principal Advisory Committee meetings and Professional Learning Community (PLC) meetings are conducted throughout the school year as a forum for open dialogue and communication. Topics covered during these meetings include initial feedback on new initiatives, sharing of best practices, concerns, and staffing considerations. Any staffing concerns raised during these meetings are explored for potential solutions. A project team may be formed with key stakeholders. The project

team's mission is to research, investigate, and develop recommendations for review by executive leadership. These recommendations are used to drive budget discussions, which allow for staffing changes and enhancements.

During the school year, staff members from the Department of Special Education Services (DSES) and the Division of Business, Fiscal and Information Systems (DBFIS) reviewed information from student IEPs using the Maryland Online Individualized Education Program (MOIEP) and classroom observations. MSDE mandates, due process hearing decisions, and input from staff and community members are used to determine the effectiveness of the current MCPS *Special Education Staffing Plan* and to make recommendations for the next fiscal year's staffing plan.

MCPS holds all staff members accountable for student outcomes. MCPS is committed to increasing collaboration among all offices, staff members, schools, and the community to ensure coordinated services meet the needs of all students in the most effective and efficient ways. The MCPS *Special Education Staffing Plan* ensures that appropriate personnel are available to deliver the services required to implement student IEPs and provides balance between student needs, teacher responsibilities, and the educational settings in which services will be provided.

MCPS Budget Review and Adoption Process

On December 18, 2018, the superintendent of schools presented his *FY 2020 Recommended Operating Budget* to the members of the Board and the community. The budget reflects input from a variety of public and private stakeholders, including input provided by the Special Education Staffing Plan Committee. Two public FY 2020 budget hearings were held on January 9, and January 14, 2019. The Board operating budget work sessions were held on January 17, and January 24, 2019. The Board approved the *FY 2020 Superintendent's Recommended Operating Budget* on February 12, 2019. The Board's recommended budget was sent to each principal, Parent Teacher Association president, and public library after March 1, 2019, which is when the law requires that it be submitted to the Montgomery County executive and the County Council.

The Montgomery County executive made his recommendations for the MCPS budget on March 15, 2019, and the County Council held public hearings on all local government budgets in April 2019. The County Council's Education Committee held work sessions on the Board's recommended budget in April 2019, and the full County Council reviewed the school system budget in May 2019. The Montgomery County Charter, as amended by voters in November 1992, requires that the County Council act on all budgets by May 31 of each year. This year, the County Council approved the county budget on May 23, 2019. After the County Council completed its appropriation action, the Board adopted the final approved budget for FY 2020 on June 11, 2019. A timeline of budget actions can be found in Attachment D.

Public Input

Mrs. Julie S. Hall, director, DBFIS, invited members of the community, DSES/DBFIS staff members, the Special Education Advisory Committee, and other stakeholders to participate on the Special Education Staffing Plan Committee. The committee met on June 6, 2018, to review the *FY 2019 Special Education Staffing Plan*, receive information regarding the FY 2019 MCPS

budget and public input, and to make recommendations for priorities to be considered for inclusion in the FY 2020 budget (see Attachment E for a list of committee members).

During the June meeting, the committee received an overview of the elements of a staffing plan, considered how the process of developing a staffing plan aligned with the new MCPS budget process, reviewed the FY 2019 Special Education Staffing Plan Committee recommendations, and the final FY 2019 special education budget allocations. Additionally, the Special Education Staffing Plan Committee was asked to participate as a focus group. The committee was asked to consider current resources and the use of those resources to support students with disabilities by providing them with the skills needed to be successful in college and career when responding to the following questions:

1. *An achievement gap exists for students with disabilities. We want students to be served effectively in the LRE. Current State Indicators 5A, 5B, 6A, and 6B demonstrate we are moving in the wrong direction. We need to move the needle to increase the number of students being served in the LRE.*
 - *What is currently in place that provides for effective allocation and use of the resources?*
 - *What upgrades or changes can be developed to improve the allocation and use of these resources?*
2. *We are charged as a system to ensure all students have the academic, creative problem solving, and the social emotional competencies that they will need to be successful in the 21st century. State Indicator 4A discipline data shows there is more work to be done to reduce suspensions for students with disabilities.*
 - *What is currently in place that provides for effective allocation and use of the resources?*
 - *What upgrades or changes can be developed to improve the allocation and use of these resources?*
3. *System priorities, staff responsibility, and student needs and expectations are aligned to the current expectations for our 21st century graduates.*
 - *Should resources be considered for realignment; if so, which resources?*
 - *Should resources be adjusted to meet the priorities; if so, which resources?*

The committee selected the following top priorities from the input of the group—

- Continue with social emotional supports and add to current supports available. Leverage community partnerships to support students in the Social Emotional Special Education Services (SESES) with transition activities.
- Transition the remaining Learning and Academic Disabilities (LAD) and Resource schools to the Home School Model (HSM).
- Provide professional learning for all staff members (including school-based front office staff members) to help students with emotional regulation supports and techniques and de-escalation strategies.

During the process of budget development, the committee's recommendations were considered as strategic program enhancements and incorporated into professional learning plans as priorities emerged based on student outcomes. How the recommendations were implemented was dependent on the types of priorities generated by the committee. Several initiatives were considered for the development of the FY 2020 budget. Funding to address professional learning goals is provided through MSDE grant funds.

On December 18, 2018, the committee received an update on the FY 2020 budget process and a review of the special education budget that is included in the *Superintendent's FY 2020 Recommended Operating Budget*. The *FY 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan* is available on the MCPS website.

The special education staffing plan process is aligned closely with the MCPS operating budget process, with public input and community involvement ongoing throughout the process. Input received from the Special Education Staffing Plan Committee was considered during the ongoing budget planning process and the development of the *FY 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan*. In addition, oral and written testimonies received through the Board's budget hearings were considered as final changes were made to the *FY 2020 Superintendent's Recommended Operating Budget*.

Professional Learning

The delivery of special education instruction is an integral part of the MCPS systemic school improvement planning process. Teams that make decisions about special education services are aware of their responsibility to consider each student's needs and the supports and services necessary to provide the student with access to, and participation in, the MCPS curriculum in the LRE.

A key element in the provision of FAPE for students with disabilities is the availability of skilled personnel to implement each student's IEP. Through the collaborative efforts of DSES and the Office of Curriculum and Instructional Programs (OCIP), special education staff members who deliver the general education curriculum to students with disabilities participate in mandatory, voluntary, and school-specific professional learning activities, including webinars, that ensure the delivery of effective instructional best practices. Voluntary training modules provide PLOs for all school personnel responsible for IEP implementation including general educators, school counselors, psychologists, pupil personnel workers, administrators, and paraeducators.

Professional learning activities are aligned with the other system initiatives that focus on the provision of special education services within home or consortia schools. OSE, OCIP, and the Office of School Support and Improvement (OSSI) continue to collaborate to ensure that students with disabilities gain access to the general education curriculum at all school levels. General and special education teachers participate in PLOs based on best practices associated with *Universal Design for Learning* (UDL), collaborative planning, differentiated instruction, and the use of technology. Furthermore, professional learning is provided to support the instruction of students with Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD) in the LRE and the understanding of language acquisition for students who are second language speakers of English. As technology supports have evolved for our students with vision, hearing, and communication challenges, training is provided to enhance the support for this group of students. Staff members will have multiple opportunities during the 2019–2020 school year to build their capacity. The PLOs focus on building the skills staff members need to support students with unique learning styles in accessing the curriculum. To support further skill development, professional learning also will be provided in the areas needed to support prekindergarten (pre-K) services and transition services. First-year teacher training is offered annually, and there are monthly secondary resource teacher in special education (RTSE) meetings with ongoing opportunities for professional support, communication, and

learning. A comprehensive list of the professional development plan is available (Attachments F and G).

In spring 2017, MCPS awarded a contract to Johns Hopkins School of Education to evaluate Curriculum 2.0. Curriculum is routinely reviewed and is considered an important policy lever for change. Since Curriculum 2.0 was developed, the curriculum landscape has changed. During the analysis of Curriculum 2.0, a strong case was made to transition away from Curriculum 2.0 and towards externally developed evidenced-based researched and reviewed instructional materials. Professional development for teachers on the new curriculum materials will be critical for a successful implementation. During the 2019–2020 school year, there will be training provided to all staff members in the cohort schools participating in the new MCPS curriculum rollout. PLOs also will be provided on best teaching practices, technology, differentiation, and academic interventions.

Central services staff members work collaboratively with various offices to develop and present PLOs and to provide ongoing support, technical assistance, and consultation to special education and general education service providers for students from pre-K through school age as follows:

- MCPS will implement this interdepartmental collaboration to provide all educators with the knowledge and skills needed to deliver a highly effective instructional program and to provide all students with an equitable and supportive learning environment.
- Central office staff members will work closely with the Division of Title I and Early Childhood Programs and Services (DTECPS) and OCIP to provide professional learning on Maryland’s Early Childhood Comprehensive Assessment System, including the kindergarten (K) *Readiness Assessment*, *Early Learning Assessment*, MCPS pre-K curriculum, collaboration, coteaching strategies, and social emotional foundations of early learning.
- Central office staff members will provide:
 - professional learning sessions and support for identifying the needs and the differentiation of instruction for twice-exceptional students;
 - professional learning on analyzing data to determine students’ needs in mathematics and reading;
 - professional learning on *Unique Learning Systems* with alignment to the MCPS curriculum;
 - professional learning on reading and mathematics interventions, as well as ongoing, job-embedded coaching and support of evidenced-based reading and mathematics methodologies in elementary/secondary LAD, Learning Centers (LC), SESES, Learning for Independence (LFI) classrooms, and in HSM schools;
 - professional learning on instructional practices and strategies to ensure student access to the curriculum and increase the performance of students with disabilities on assessments to narrow the achievement gap with their nondisabled peers; and
 - ongoing positive behavioral management training through the Crisis Prevention Institute (CPI).
- Professional learning on *Zones of Regulation* to social workers, psychologists, and behavioral support teachers. Next steps will be to deliver this PLO to middle school Bridge Program and SESES staff members, followed by resource teachers in special education.
- Central office staff members will focus on:

- professional learning in UDL and differentiation strategies for Career and Technology Education teachers. This will enable teachers to better serve the needs of students with disabilities as they transition to post-secondary outcomes.
- a special education skill-building workshop on progress monitoring.

The majority of students with IEPs are served with their peers in the general education classroom. Students are served not only by general educators, but by school counselors and administrators as well. To ensure the provision of FAPE for all students in FY 2020, 9,970.814 full-time equivalent (FTE) positions were budgeted for general education teachers, 519.5 FTE positions were budgeted for counselors, and 542.000 FTE positions were budgeted for building administrators to ensure the support of all students.

Evaluation of Staffing Plan for Effectiveness

MSDE has established LRE targets for local school systems that require students with disabilities to receive special education and related services in a general education setting or a combined general education and special education setting. The current MSDE targets are to increase LRE A (*in general education greater than 80 percent of the day*) and decrease LRE C (*removed from general education greater than 40 percent of the day—i.e., self-contained classrooms*). It is assumed that as the number of students in LRE C decreases, students will transition into more inclusive environments. The LRE targets, which are closely monitored by MSDE, will ensure that established standards are met, and hold schools and local school systems accountable for student performance.

During 2017–2018, 67.16 percent of students with disabilities were served in the general education environment, LRE A, and 13.85 percent of students with disabilities were served in LRE C. MCPS did not meet the increased MSDE target of 70.40 percent of students with disabilities served in LRE A, nor the decreased MSDE target of 11.26 percent for students with disabilities served in LRE C.

The MSDE monitoring priority area is to provide FAPE in the LRE. Measurable and rigorous targets are established. The MCPS LRE performance data and MSDE targets from October 2014 through October 2017 are indicated in the chart below.

Percentage of MCPS Students with Disabilities by LRE

Inclusion Indicator	School Year 2014–2015	School Year 2015–2016	School Year 2016–2017	School Year 2017–2018
MCPS LRE A	66.85%	66.31%	67.10%	67.16%
MSDE Target for LRE A	68.90%	69.40%	69.90%	70.40%
MCPS LRE C	12.85%	13.38%	13.78%	13.85%
MSDE Target for LRE C	12.76%	12.26%	11.76%	11.26%

Changes that have occurred to increase opportunities for students with disabilities to be educated in the LRE have included restructuring of the secondary resource classroom and the continually increasing number of elementary schools designated as HSM. Historically, the resource program exclusively served students with disabilities in a self-contained classroom. The resource program now serves general education students, students with disabilities, and students with *Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act* plans. This redefined composition of students reclassifies the environment from a self-contained special education class to a general education setting designed to provide small group instruction. The resource program serves a diverse group of students, providing opportunities for improving organizational skills, previewing content, and reviewing lessons. Special and general education teachers have the opportunity to reteach and reassess in the core content areas.

With the monitoring and data collection on LRE targets and student performance, critical staffing data and staffing program changes are used to evaluate the effectiveness of our staffing plan. Critical staffing is allocated as additional staffing over the program-staffing ratio. Critical staffing paraeducators support individual students, in the inclusive setting, or individualized LRE setting and are allocated based on student need as indicated by the IEP. The role of this staffing is to provide the high level of support needed for student learning in the LRE.

As more students with greater learning challenges access instruction in the LRE setting, the use of critical staffing paraeducators has increased to support the academic progress and learning behaviors of identified students. From FY 2012 through FY 2019, there has been nearly a 52 percent increase in the allocation of critical staffing. This ongoing increase in critical staffing responds to the need for additional adult support for some students to access learning in the general education classroom.

In FY 2019, we continue to maintain a high level of accuracy in staffing projections. Greater accuracy in the projection of staffing is the result of process improvements used to develop the special education budget. This includes accurate enrollment projections and increased transparency through the active participation of the central office special education staff members in the budget development process. The data collected on staffing changes after the initial allocation has been steadily improving and are reflected in FY 2019 in an overall 32 percent decrease in the number of staffing changes as compared to FY 2018. In FY 2020, these successful staffing processes will continue to be implemented and monitored.

OSE oversees the process of staffing allocations, changes, and budget. The staffing plan is reevaluated annually in June after receiving input from the Special Education Staffing Plan Committee and other key stakeholders; however, staffing is monitored throughout the school year. In the event that student enrollment does not justify the allocated staffing, the staff member is reassigned to an area of need. Whenever possible, reassignment of the staff member is to a similar classroom. It is not the practice of MCPS to move students to accommodate for staffing concerns.

For the FY 2020 budget development, the staffing structure was examined resulting in moving some positions from central office to school-based positions. We will continue to monitor our staffing plan in FY 2020. We are consistently making upgrades to monitoring methods to provide for the most accurate and timely data. MCPS has moved to a single-data system platform using *Performance Matters*. We have flagged key identifiers as special education program codes.

Supervisors and schools are able to analyze special education programs as they relate to our system's accountability system—Evidence of Learning Outcomes. Student data is another measure that is considered in the ongoing review of our staffing models and understanding the patterns of staffing needs in supporting students. Data obtained from critical staffing patterns also provides valuable insight into the staffing needs of supporting students in the LRE. It is through these review processes that OSE ensures the staffing models are aligned with the MCPS strategic priorities and the needs of our students receiving special education services.

MCPS uses multiple tools to refine and upgrade how staffing is implemented to improve student outcomes. Evaluation of staffing is an ongoing focus as there is a direct correlation between appropriate student support for access to LRE, rigorous and high quality instruction, and student performance. Staffing is dispersed throughout the school year to meet changes in enrollment and to provide additional support as needed through the allocation of building staffing and critical staffing support. Staffing changes also are made after careful consideration has been given by the staffing team as a result of building administrator requests. These staffing requests and changes are usually the result of changes in student enrollment or to meet specific needs of students and programs. There were 108 changes in FY 2019 of permanent building staffing to address administrative requests, which is a decrease from FY 2018.

Special Education Facilities and Staffing Patterns

According to the October 2018 Maryland Special Education Census Data, 19,848 MCPS students, ages 3 to 21, received special education services. This number included students receiving the Extended Individualized Family Services Plan Option. Of those students, 414 received services in a public separate special education day school and 568 students received services in a nonpublic special education school.

Participation in the LRE requires access to general education classrooms. DSES, DBFIS, the Department of Transportation, DFM, and OSSI are engaged in long-range planning to provide increased options for students with disabilities to access the general education environment throughout the system. The distribution of cluster and countywide services is based on the assumption that all students will be educated in their home school or home school cluster, if possible. For example, programs for high incidence disabilities, such as learning disabilities, are available in all elementary schools and at all secondary levels. In contrast, highly specialized programs for students who are Deaf/Hard of Hearing (D/HOH) are provided on a countywide basis in centralized locations. However, many students who need D/HOH support can be served in their home school. A benefit of being such a large school system is the ability to serve students with special needs in multiple environments and in diverse discrete programs designed to focus on the students' strengths while meeting individual needs.

Special education students may be served by the general education teacher or a coteaching team (a general education teacher and a special education teacher) in the inclusive-school environment. The general education teacher, special education teacher, and related service providers are responsible for supporting all of their assigned students. The general education teacher, in collaboration with the special educator and related service providers, is responsible for implementing the IEP and ensuring that students with special needs receive designated accommodations and are provided with the supports required to access instruction. In

collaboration with the special educator, the general educator reports on progress, implements and discusses strategies, supports IEP development, and is a member of the IEP team. Teachers and service providers are provided with adequate planning time and time for parent/guardian meetings and communication as specified by the teacher contact. Information also has been disseminated across the county to support administration in designing schedules that provide for common planning time for coteaching teams whenever possible.

The Hours-based Staffing (HBS) model considers each school's total number of students with IEPs, the total number of instructional IEP hours needed within the school, the number of grade levels being taught, the number of IEP hours a special educator is responsible for in a given week, and a minimum-base teacher allocation. This staffing model is implemented in HSM and HBS but does not incorporate staffing for discrete program services such as School Community-based (SCB), LFI, Autism, and SESES. Since the implementation of the elementary HSM, the number of elementary schools providing this staffing model has increased. Prior to FY 2017, there were 68 elementary schools offering HSM services. In FY 2017, 20 additional elementary schools were identified as HSM and provided with a series of professional learning activities designed to build the capacity of staff members to instruct students with more complex disabilities. In FY 2018, 27 Resource Only schools transitioned to HSM services and were provided with professional learning to support high-level instruction for diverse learners. In FY 2019, two additional elementary schools transitioned to HSM and one new elementary school opened as HSM. In FY 2020, two more schools will transition to HSM and another new elementary school will open as a HSM. The purpose of this initiative is to provide increased access for students to special education services and inclusive opportunities within their neighborhood school. Data indicates that continuing our efforts to increase the number of elementary schools with the HBS model benefits students.

The HBS model implemented in all MCPS middle schools allows for more flexible programming options, including coteaching. In addition, this staffing model ensures that students with disabilities have access to a continuum of services, including consultation, resource support, cotaught classes, and self-contained classes in their home or consortia schools without having to be placed into more restrictive centralized services.

Trends related to the identification, evaluation, and placement of students with disabilities have contributed significantly to decisions regarding the location of a variety of programs and services. The goal of OSE is to increase the percentage of students receiving special education services in their home school or cluster. The following special education services are available in MCPS:

- Special education services are offered in all comprehensive schools, K–12. Starting in FY 2020, 121 elementary schools will provide HSM services through the HBS model. A continuing goal is to provide equitable staffing in the schools implementing this approach. The HBS model is used in middle schools and provides sufficient staffing to support all students. LAD services are offered in each high school. The elementary model of LAD services and resources services are still provided in schools that have not yet been designated as HSM.
- Autism Resource Services are based in selected comprehensive middle and high school buildings. Students served by this model have a diagnosis of an ASD. These students are accessing the general education curriculum with modifications and accommodations; specifically, these students are approximately two-to-three years below grade level. Students have documented social and emotional needs that significantly interfere with their ability to participate in other educational environments despite a variety of special and individualized

supports. Students are included for academic classes in the general education environment with accommodations and modifications.

- Instruction to students with Autism at Darnestown Elementary LC continues to be provided in alignment with evidence-based practices that have proven to be highly effective for students with Autism.
- Special education services are cluster-based for students in need of an elementary LC, LFI, or SCB class.
- Special education services are available regionally for students with disabilities through Preschool Education Program, pre-K language classes, and classes for students with ASD, the Extensions Program, cluster-based SESES for students in K–12, Gifted and Talented/Learning Disabled Services, and Longview and Stephen Knolls schools.
- Countywide special education services models are available for students in the following areas: D/HOH Program, pre-K Vision Services, Physical Disabilities classes, the Augmentative and Alternative Communication classes, the Carl Sandburg Learning Center, the John L. Gildner Regional Institute for Children and Adolescents, and the Rock Terrace School.
- At Magruder High School, a specially designed SESES cluster model continues to address the instructional and mental health needs of students with emotional disabilities. In FY 2019, all SESES services for elementary and middle schools were staffed based on a teacher station model. This upgrade resulted from the research and work of a project team charged with investigating the effectiveness of the current SESES model. In FY 2020, there will be a social worker assigned to each SESES school site to promote additional social emotional supports for students.
- Extensions services are provided at the elementary, middle, and high school levels. The number of schools offering these services has expanded over time. These services are provided for students with Autism and complex emotional and behavioral needs.

Special education classes and program locations are identified in the MCPS *Superintendent's Recommended FY 2020 Capital Budget* and *The Amendments to the FY 2019–2024 Capital Improvement Program* published annually in October. However, as enrollment projections and program needs are refined during the year, the location of some classes and programs may change. Providing pre-K special education services in the LRE is challenging due to the limited number of general education pre-K programs and services available in MCPS. The Division of Prekindergarten, Special Programs, and Related Services (DPSPRS) and DTECPS continue to collaborate to provide services for students with disabilities in regular early childhood settings. The Division of Long-range Planning and OSSI also are involved in this process, as it has an impact on elementary facilities and requires careful coordination of long-range facilities and program planning. For many years, the goal has been to collocate general and special education pre-K classes where general and special educators use coteaching and collaborative planning strategies to provide instruction to pre-K students with and without disabilities. The collaborative teaching model is located in some MCPS elementary schools, and more work is being done to seek additional inclusive opportunities for pre-K students. The focus is on developing new models and expanding existing models of pre-K special education services while growing community partnerships to capitalize on inclusive opportunities. In FY 2019, MCPS opened the MacDonald Knolls Early Childhood Center, introducing a pre-K version of HSM that provides special education pre-K services to students with disabilities in full-day general education classes. A pre-K inclusive model also was introduced at one elementary school. An early childhood special education teacher is the primary provider for services, coteaching in the general education

classroom and providing services outside of the regular early childhood setting only as deemed necessary by an IEP team. General educators and paraeducators also may provide specialized instruction. Due to the success of the new models, a second early childhood center will open in the upcounty area of the district in FY 2020. The pre-K inclusive model also will be expanded to an additional five elementary schools. In addition, to serve increased numbers of pre-K students with disabilities in classes with nondisabled peers, 4-year-old students without disabilities who do not meet income eligibility for MCPS Prekindergarten and Head Start programs are invited to attend special education classes in elementary schools and learn pre-K curriculum with students with IEPs. Additionally, 3-year-old nondisabled, income-eligible students unable to secure a space in limited 3-year-old Head Start classes are invited to attend special education classes as nondisabled peers. Increasing access to high quality, rigorous instruction in the general education curriculum with nondisabled peers is proving to enhance early childhood outcomes.

Ongoing Review and Adjustments to Staffing

The process of allocating staff members for the following school year begins with reviews of student enrollment as reported in the MOIEP data system from September through December of the preceding year. These reviews identify any unanticipated special education enrollment trends in schools that may require adjustments to current or future staffing. The January enrollment report is used to generate lists of pre-K, Grade 5, and Grade 8 students who will articulate to elementary, middle, and high schools the following year. This process enables central office special education staff members to identify the school the student will most likely attend and add the student to that school's projected enrollment. All of this information is used to develop initial staffing allocations for individual schools beginning in mid-January. Based on historical trends, the current state of staffing, and student articulation information, preliminary staffing allocations are made in conjunction with the OSSI area associate superintendents in early spring.

Reports from MOIEP are used to confirm services recommended for the coming year. Central office special education staff members review the MOIEP data system, visit schools, and consult with service providers, program staff members, and OSSI associate superintendents and directors of learning, achievement, and administration (DLAAs) to ensure that the information is accurate before any adjustments to preliminary staffing allocations are made.

When a school makes a request for additional staffing, the central office special education staff members consult with school staff members and OSSI DLAAs to ensure that current staff members are being utilized effectively to address students' services on IEPs. As appropriate, requests for additional staffing are sent to central services special education leadership. When necessary, recommendations for staffing changes may be submitted and are reviewed by the OSSI DLAAs and DSES/DBFIS with the OSE associate superintendent.

Every effort is made to allocate staffing to meet anticipated needs for the upcoming school year. In addition, staffing issues arise throughout the year due to many factors, including student mobility, changing needs, student change of program placement, and individual class makeup. Another factor that could affect staffing is the result of a due-process decision that requires additional support. There were no permanent building staffing changes resulting from due-process hearing decisions in FY 2019. If concerns arise, staff members or parents/guardians may make

requests for additional staffing or for a staffing review. Principals submit requests for additional staffing through the defined process. The central office staff member assigned to the program or cluster completes a staffing request form in collaboration with the school administrator. In FY 2019, 50 schools requested additional permanent staffing. The special education staffing review team, composed of the DLAA's of OSSI and DSES/DBFIS directors, central office special education staff members, and the associate superintendent of OSE, reviews all requests to determine the appropriate recommendations.

The Office of Human Resources and Development uses vacancy reports to monitor staffing needs and continuously works to hire qualified staff members. Despite efforts to ensure that all positions are filled, vacancies do occur due to an emergency, medical leave, child-care leave, or a lack of available qualified personnel. In most cases, staff members have enough advanced time to plan for coverage using substitute personnel, temporary part-time staff members, contract providers, or redistribution of existing staff members. Parents/guardians are notified by letter if such a vacancy causes a temporary lapse in the delivery of special education services. If missed services cannot be made up, an IEP team considers whether compensatory services are required for individual students.

Maintenance of Effort

Each year, to receive IDEA funding, MCPS must submit forms to demonstrate Maintenance of Effort (MOE) eligibility. MOE eligibility is achieved when budgeted expenditures for the upcoming fiscal year (column E) equal or exceed the actual expenditures of the preceding fiscal year for which actual expenditures are available (column C). The MOE compliance is achieved when the actual total expenditures for the grant year (column C) equal or exceed the actual expenditures of the preceding year (column B).

The following table shows the MOE for special education from FY 2017 to FY 2020, including transportation and fixed charges.

A	B	C	D	E
Funding Source	FY 2017 Actual	FY 2018 Actual	FY 2019 Approved Budget	FY 2020 Approved Budget
State	\$54,843,667	\$56,249,716	\$58,955,879	\$60,956,743
*Local	\$216,675,771	\$225,745,101	\$238,042,952	\$247,390,059
Transportation	\$66,577,593	\$69,238,740	\$71,903,150	\$72,686,347
Fixed Charges/ Benefits	\$71,800,824	\$82,088,155	\$85,918,048	\$83,158,835
TOTAL	\$409,897,855	\$433,321,712	\$454,820,029	\$464,191,984

*Local excludes expenditures for Infants and Toddlers

FY 2020 MCPS Special Education and Related Services Budget Guidelines

The number and type of staff members incorporated into the Montgomery County Public Schools (MCPS) special education budget meets the diverse needs of students with disabilities. The allocation of special education staffing begins with a projection of the number of students and services for the coming fiscal year. Each year, staff members from the Department of Facilities Management, the Department of Special Education Services, and the Division of Business, Fiscal and Information Systems prepare an estimate of the number of students needing services. The enrollment projections serve as a base to determine the number and type of staff members required to provide adequate staffing.

The location and distribution of the various special education services throughout the county affect the number and type of staff members needed to provide a Free Appropriate Public Education. Sometimes it is necessary to open a new special education classroom, or site, in a particular location to limit the time students spend being transported, thereby allowing them to attend school in their home cluster. Consequently, the location of special education classrooms and services and models may require additional staffing.

Enrollment; class size guidelines; distribution of classes; nature of the disability; specific disability service models; time requirements for staff members to fulfill indirect service responsibilities such as planning, case management, participation in meetings, completing assessments; and legal considerations are reviewed and balanced to determine the number and type of staff members required. The *FY 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan* incorporates the Special Education Staffing Plan Committee’s input regarding special education staffing improvements and priorities. Below is information about the various special education instructional service models and the guidelines used for determining the number and type of specific staffing required.

* Teacher=Tchr

Speech Pathologist=SP

Occupational Therapist/Physical Therapist=OT/PT

Teaching Station=TS

	Service Description	Services	Instructional Models	
			Professional Staff	Paraeducators
Resource Services	<p>Resource room services are available in all MCPS schools. Secondary resource services provide students with disabilities, general education students, and students with 504 Plans with the support they need to be academically successful in the general education environment. Resource teachers provide an array of services to students with disabilities including strategy-based instruction; direct instruction aligned with the Maryland College and Career-Ready Standards in reading/language arts, writing, mathematics, and organizational skills in preparation for the Partnership for Assessment of Readiness for College and Careers.</p> <p>Most elementary and all middle schools are staffed with an hours-based staffing model and include the resource teacher in the special education staffing allocation.</p>	Available in all schools	<p>Elementary Schools Based on school enrollment, schools with Learning and Academic Disabilities (LAD) classes projected to have an enrollment of fewer than 591 students receive 1.0 resource room teachers. Schools projected to have an enrollment greater than 591 students but fewer than 740 students receive 1.5 resource room teachers. Schools projected to have an enrollment greater than 740 students receive 2.0 resource room teachers.</p>	N/A

FY 2020 MCPS Special Education and Related Services Budget Guidelines

	Service Description	Services	Instructional Models	
			Professional Staff	Paraeducators
Resource Services (cont.)			<p>Middle Schools Schools are staffed using a formula based on the total number of special education classroom service hours.</p> <p>High Schools Schools projected to have an enrollment of fewer than 991 students receive 1.0 resource room teacher. Schools projected to have an enrollment of 991 or more students, but fewer than 1,190 students, receive 1.6 resource room teachers. Schools projected to have an enrollment of 1,491 students or more receive 2.0 resource room teachers.</p>	N/A
Learning and Academic Disabilities (LAD)	<p>Elementary LAD classes provide services to students with a disability that impacts their academic achievement. Students served by this model receive considerable amounts of special education support in the general education environment, but require additional services to demonstrate progress toward Individualized Education Program (IEP) goals and objectives. Selected elementary schools provide this service within each cluster.</p> <p>Secondary LAD services, available in all secondary schools in MCPS, provide services to students with a disability that impacts their academic achievement. Students served by this model receive a considerable amount of special education support, but need additional services to demonstrate progress toward their IEP goals and objectives. These services are provided in a continuum of settings that may include components of self-contained classes, co-taught general education classes, and other opportunities for participation with nondisabled peers.</p>	<p>Elementary— Designated sites within each cluster</p> <p>Available in all middle and high schools</p>	<p>1 Tchr:TS</p> <p>1 Tchr:TS</p>	<p>0.875</p> <p>0.875</p>

FY 2020 MCPS Special Education and Related Services Budget Guidelines

	Service Description	Services	Instructional Models	
			Professional Staff	Paraeducators
Learning for Independence (LFI)	LFI services are designed for students with complex learning and cognitive needs, including mild to moderate intellectual disabilities. Services support the implementation of Alternate Learning Outcomes (ALO) aligned with the curriculum. Students are provided with many opportunities for interaction with general education peers, including inclusion in general education classes as appropriate, peer tutoring, and extracurricular activities. They learn to apply academic concepts in the context of the general school environment and in community settings. Community-based instruction and vocational training are emphasized at the secondary level so that students are prepared for the transition to post-secondary opportunities upon graduating with a certificate from MCPS.	Designated elementary, middle, and high schools in clusters	1 Tchr:TS	0.875
Gifted and Talented Learning Disabled Services (GT/LD)	Twice-exceptional students receiving GT/LD services demonstrate superior cognitive ability in at least one area and typically have production problems, particularly in the area of written expression. GT/LD services provide students with specialized instruction, adaptations, and accommodations that facilitate appropriate access to rigorous instruction in the Least-restrictive Environment (LRE), which may include placement in Honors or Advanced Placement classes, and access to the acceleration and enrichment components in the MCPS instructional guidelines. Some students may receive services in specialized classrooms.	Regional designated elementary	1 Tchr:TS	0.875
		Regional designated middle and high schools	1 Tchr:TS	0.875
Elementary School-based Learning Center (LC)	Elementary School-based LCs provide comprehensive special education and related services for students in Grades kindergarten (K)–5. The program offers a continuum of services in self-contained classes, with opportunities to be included with nondisabled peers in the general education environment. These services address the goals and objectives in the student's IEP while ensuring access to the general curriculum through strategies such as assistive technology, reduced class size, and differentiated instruction.	Designated elementary schools within each cluster	1 Tchr:TS	0.875
Home School Model (HSM)	Elementary HSM supports students in Grades K–5 with a disability that impacts academic achievement in one or more content areas, organization, and/or behavior. Students served by this model are assigned to age-appropriate heterogeneous classes in their neighborhood schools. Student access to the general education curriculum during the course of the day is based on individual student needs and encompasses a variety of instructional models that may include instruction in a general education environment and/or a self-contained setting.	Designated elementary schools	Hours-based Staffing	

FY 2020 MCPS Special Education and Related Services Budget Guidelines

	Service Description	Services	Instructional Models	
			Professional Staff	Paraeducators
Carl Sandburg Learning Center	Carl Sandburg LC is a Grades K–5 special education school that serves students with multiple disabilities, including intellectual disabilities, Autism Spectrum Disorders, language disabilities, emotional, and other learning disabilities. Services are designed for elementary students who need a highly-structured setting, small student-to-teacher ratio, and access to the MCPS general education curriculum or ALOs aligned with the curriculum. Modification of curriculum materials and instructional strategies, based on student needs, is the basis of all instruction. Emphasis is placed on the development of language, academic, and social skills provided through a trans-disciplinary model of service delivery in which all staff members implement the recommendations of related service providers. Special emphasis is placed on meeting the sensory and motor needs of students in their classroom setting. To address behavioral goals, services may include a behavioral management system, psychological consultation, and crisis intervention.	Separate special education day school	1 Tchr:TS	1.750
School Community-based (SCB) Program	SCB program services are designed for students with severe or profound intellectual disabilities and/or multiple disabilities. Students typically have significant needs in the areas of communication, personal management, behavioral management, and socialization. The program emphasizes individualized instruction, utilizing ALOs aligned with the curriculum in comprehensive schools and related community and work environments. The SCB model includes the following components: age-appropriate classes, heterogeneous groupings, peer interactions, individualized instruction, community instruction, and transition. The program is available in all clusters. The goal of the program is to prepare students to transition to post-secondary opportunities upon graduation with a certificate from the school system.	Designated elementary, middle, and high schools in or clusters	1 Tchr:TS	1.500
Rock Terrace School	Rock Terrace School is comprised of a middle school, a high school, and an upper school which implements school-to-work programs. The instructional focus of the middle school is the implementation of ALOs aligned with the curriculum to prepare the students for transition to the high school program. The high school program emphasizes Alternate ALOs aligned with the curriculum and community-based instruction activities that enable students to demonstrate skills that lead to full participation in the school-to-work plan and vocational/community experiences. Authentic jobs help in reinforcing classroom learning. The upper school prepares students for post-secondary experiences and career and community readiness.	Separate special education day school	1 Tchr:TS	1.000
Stephen Knolls School	Stephen Knolls School provides services for students ages 5–21 with severe to profound intellectual disabilities and multiple disabilities. ALOs aligned with the curriculum are utilized to provide students with skills in the areas of communication, mobility, self-help, modified academics, and transition services.	Separate special education day school	1 Tchr:TS	1.750

FY 2020 MCPS Special Education and Related Services Budget Guidelines

	Service Description	Services	Instructional Models	
			Professional Staff	Paraeducators
Longview School	Longview School provides services to students ages 5–21 who have severe to profound intellectual disabilities and multiple disabilities. ALOs aligned with the curriculum are utilized to provide students with skills in the areas of communication, mobility, self-help, modified academics, and transition services.	Separate special education day school colocated with Spark M. Matsunaga Elementary School	1 Tchr:TS	1.750
Extensions Program	The Extensions Program serves students of elementary, middle, and high school age with the most significant cognitive disabilities, multiple disabilities, and/or autism. These are students with a history of receiving systematic behavioral supports and services to reduce self-injurious and/or disruptive behaviors. The goal of the Extensions Program is to provide intensive educational programming to enable these students to acquire appropriate social and communicative skills to facilitate their access to Alternate ALOs aligned with the curriculum, and post-secondary opportunities including readiness for career and community.	Designated elementary, middle and high schools	1 Tchr:TS	2.625
Social and Emotional Special Education Services (SESES)	SESES are provided to students who demonstrate significant social-emotional learning and/or behavioral difficulties that adversely impacts their success in school. These students access the MCPS general education curriculum, but emotional and behavioral challenges often interfere with their ability to achieve academic success and participate appropriately in an educational environment. These students are served in a continuum of settings including general education environments with opportunities for participation with nondisabled peers or separate classes, as appropriate.	Designated elementary, middle, and high schools in each area or countywide	1 Tchr:TS	1.500
Bridge Services	Bridge Services serve students who demonstrate significant social emotional learning, and/or behavioral challenges that make it difficult to succeed in a large school environment. Many students require social and emotional supports to access their academic program. Comprehensive behavioral management strategies include proactive teaching and rehearsal of social skills, as well as the use of structured and consistent reinforcement systems. Services are provided in a continuum of settings, which may include separate classes with opportunities for participation in general education environments with nondisabled peers, as appropriate.	Designated middle and high schools serve students countywide	1 Tchr:TS	1.250

FY 2020 MCPS Special Education and Related Services Budget Guidelines

	Service Description	Services	Instructional Models	
			Professional Staff	Paraeducators
John L. Gildner Regional Institute for Children and Adolescents (RICA) – Rockville	<p>RICA, in collaboration with the Maryland State Department of Health, provides appropriate educational and treatment services to all students and their families through highly structured, intensive special education services with therapy integrated in a day and residential treatment facility. An interdisciplinary treatment team, consisting of school, clinical, residential, and related service providers develops the student's total educational plan and monitors progress. Consulting psychiatrists, a full-time pediatrician, and a school community health nurse also are on staff.</p> <p>RICA offers fully-accredited special education services which emphasize rigorous academic and vocational/occupational opportunities; day and residential treatment; and individual, group, and family therapy. The RICA program promotes acquisition of grade- and age-appropriate social and emotional skills and allows students to access the general education curriculum.</p>	Separate special education day school	1 Tchr:TS	1.250
Services for Students with Autism Spectrum Disorders	<p>The Comprehensive Autism Preschool Program provides highly intensive and individualized services for students ages 3–5. Students receive instruction in the general education curriculum to prepare them for K. Evidence-based practices are utilized to increase academic, language, social, and adaptive skills to provide access to a variety of school-age services and to maximize independence in all domains.</p> <p>Autism services for students, elementary through age 21, provide access to Alternate ALOs aligned with the curriculum. To improve learning and communication, students receive intensive instruction based on the principles of applied behavior analysis in a highly-structured setting, which provides opportunities for participation with nondisabled peers. At the secondary level, students also receive vocational and community support.</p> <p>Secondary Autism Resource Services, located in three middle and three high schools, are designed for students with Autism Spectrum Disorders (ASD) who are diploma-bound and have difficulty mastering grade-level curriculum. These students require a modified pace and individual accommodations representative of the needs and characteristics of students with ASD. Students receive instruction in the general education curriculum with the supports indicated on their IEPs. Access to the general education curriculum with enrichment is reinforced.</p>	<p>Prekindergarten (pre-K)—Designated elementary schools serve pre-K students throughout the county</p> <p>School-aged—Designated elementary, middle, and high schools located regionally throughout the county</p> <p>Secondary School Autism Resource Services—three middle and three high schools located regionally</p>	<p>1 Tchr:TS</p> <p>1 Tchr:TS</p> <p>1 Tchr:TS</p>	<p>3.440</p> <p>1.750</p> <p>1.750</p>

FY 2020 MCPS Special Education and Related Services Budget Guidelines

	Service Description	Services	Instructional Models	
			Professional Staff	Paraeducators
Transition Services	Transition services are provided to students receiving special education, ages 14 or older, to facilitate a smooth transition from school to college, career, and/or community. These activities include, but are not limited to, postsecondary education, workforce experiences, continuing and adult education, adult services, independent living, and/or community participation. Services are based on the individual student's needs, considering the student's strengths, preferences, and interests. Transition services are delivered through direct and/or indirect support coordinated by a transition support teacher.	Services available in secondary schools throughout the county	1.0 Tchr	
Services for Deaf/Hard of Hearing (D/HOH)	D/HOH services provide comprehensive educational supports to students who are deaf or have a significant hearing loss. These services, provided by itinerant teachers, enable students to develop effective language and communication skills necessary to access the general education curriculum. Students with more significant needs may receive services in special centrally-located classes. Services are provided in three communication options—oral/aural, total communication, and cued speech. Assistive technology and consultation also are provided to students and school staff members.	Resource services available throughout the county	1 Tchr:17	N/A
		Auditory and speech training available throughout the county	1 Tchr:17	N/A
		Special classes: one pre-K, three elementary, one middle, and one high school serve students throughout the county	1 Tchr:TS	0.875
Physical Disabilities Program	Related services of OT and PT are provided to students with disabilities throughout MCPS in their home or assigned school. The type and frequency of services are based on individual needs and include direct therapy and consultation to team members. Elementary students with significant physical needs receive services in one of two countywide locations.	Resource services available throughout the county	36:1	N/A
		Special classes: two elementary schools	1 Tchr:TS	1.5
		One pre-K class	1 Tchr: TS	0.875

FY 2020 MCPS Special Education and Related Services Budget Guidelines

	Service Description	Services	Instructional Models	
			Professional Staff	Paraeducators
Services for the Visually Impaired	<p>Vision services are provided to students with significant visual impairments or blindness. Services enable students to develop effective compensatory skills and provide them with access to the general education environment.</p> <p>A pre-K class prepares students who are blind or have low vision for entry into K.</p> <p>Itinerant vision services are provided to school-age students in their assigned school. Skills taught include visual utilization, vision efficiency, reading, and writing using Braille, and the use of assistive technology. Students may receive orientation and mobility instruction to help them navigate their environment. Students over the age of 14 receive specialized transition support, as appropriate.</p>	<p>Resource services available throughout the county</p> <p>Special class: one elementary school serves preschoolers throughout the county</p>	<p>Orientation and Mobility 20:1 Resource 20:1</p> <p>1 Tchr:TS</p>	0.875
Speech and Language Services	<p>Speech and language services are provided to diagnose communication disorders and improve spoken language skills; facilitate compensatory skills; and enhance the development of language, vocabulary, and expressive communication skills to support student access to the general education curriculum. The type and frequency of services provided are determined by individual student needs. For students with less intensive needs, educational strategies are provided to the student's general education teachers and parents/guardians for implementation within the classroom and home environments. Students may receive services in their classroom program, in small groups, or individually. Pre-K students requiring extensive services attend a specialized class, two or five days per week.</p>	<p>Resource services available throughout the county's Preschool School-age Private/Religious Schools</p> <p>Special classes: designated elementary schools serve pre-K students throughout the county, two or five days per week</p>	<p>40:1.0 57.6:1.0 57.6:1.0</p> <p>1 Tchr:TS</p>	<p>N/A N/A N/A</p> <p>0.875</p>
Augmentative and Alternative Communication (AAC) Classes	<p>AAC classrooms provide intensive support for students who are not verbal or have limited speech with severe intelligibility issues. Students learn to use and expand their knowledge of augmentative communication devices and other forms of aided communication to access the general education curriculum. Emphasis is on the use of alternative communication systems to enhance language development, vocabulary development, and expressive communication skills. Services and supports are provided primarily within the general education environment.</p>	<p>Special classes located in two elementary schools serve students throughout the county</p>	1 Tchr:TS	1.750

FY 2020 MCPS Special Education and Related Services Budget Guidelines

	Service Description	Services	Instructional Models	
			Professional Staff	Paraeducators
Interdisciplinary Argumentative Communication Team (InterACT)	Assistive technology services provide support for students from birth–21-years-old. InterACT services support students who are severely limited in verbal expression or written communication skills, often due to physical disabilities. InterACT focuses on the use of augmentative communication and assistive technology devices to increase and expand students' communication skills. InterACT also addresses the provision of adapted technology for students with physical disabilities to access curricular materials. Services are provided in the natural environment for students birth through 3-years-old, or in the elementary, middle, or high school classroom setting for students pre-K through age 21.	Services available throughout the county	SLP–1/68 Services Tchr–1/135 Services OT–1/338 Services PT–1/680 Services	0.875/472 Services
Preschool Education Program (PEP)	PEP provides special education services to students with disabilities ages 3–K whose delays impact their ability to learn. Services are provided in both regular early childhood settings (PEP Itinerant) and special education classrooms. PEP PILOT classes serve students in a two-day per week early childhood setting. PEP Collaboration classes are coteaching models with MCPS general education prekindergarten. PEP Classic and Intensive Needs Classes serve students with developmental delays in a self-contained setting. PEP Five-Hour classes serve students with moderate to severe delays and multiple disabilities.	PEP 2.5-Hour: Classic, PILOT, and Collaboration classes (half-day) Intensive Needs Speech/Language OT and PT PEP Itinerant/ Medically Fragile PEP 5-Hour	1.0 Tchr/TS 0.3 SP 1.0 Tchr/TS 0.3SP 0.2 OT 8.0Tchr 3.2 SP 2.4 OT 0.8 PT 1.0 Tchr 0.2 SP 0.2 OT 0.3 PT	0.875/TS 0.75/TS
Montgomery County Infants and Toddlers Program (MCITP)	MCITP provides early intervention services to families of students with developmental delays from birth–3-years-old, or until the start of the school year after the student's fourth birthday under the Extended Individual Family Service Plan option. Services are provided in the natural environment and may include specialized instruction, auditory and vision instruction, PT and OT, and speech-language services. Services are provided using an adult/caregiver coaching model.	Home-based for individual students MCITP teacher Speech/Language OT PT Vision D/HOH	1.0 Tchr/68 services 1.0 SP/68 services 1.0 OT/68 services 1.0 PT/68 services 1.0 Tchr/68.0 services 1.0 Tchr/68.0 services	N/A

FISCAL YEAR 2019 PROJECTED SPECIAL EDUCATION ENROLLMENT, SERVICES and POSITIONS

December 2018

Department of Special Education Services	FY 2019 Budget						FY 2020 Budget					
	Students	Admin	Teachers	Other Prof	PARAs	Other Support	Students	Admin	Teachers	Other Prof	PARAs	Other Support
Learning Disabilities:												
Resource Only	1,378		-		-		1,137		-		-	
Learning Centers, Elementary	711		78.5	6.5	66.500		759		80.5	6.5	68.250	
Learning and Academic Disabilities	2,952		273.3	5.0	161.187		2,745		258.0	5.0	148.549	
Hours Based Staffing	3,118		257.8	8.2	180.000		3,175		259.0	8.0	185.062	
Home School Model	3,147		341.0		192.689		3,552		377.3		185.126	
GT/LD	180		11.9		10.125		154		11.8		10.325	
Secondary Intensive Reading			8.2									
Intellectual Disabilities (ID):												
School/Community Based Programs	362		62.0		94.500		364		65.0		97.500	
Extensions	71	1.0	19.0	4.5	42.000		74	1.0	19.5	5.5	42.000	
Learning for Independence	826		79.0		69.125		826		79.0		71.750	
LD/ID Program Support		3.0	4.0	4.0		2.000		3.0	4.0	5.0		2.000
Social Emotional Support Services:												
Special Classes	618		97.7	16.7	135.375	3.000	638		99.1	16.7	139.250	3.000
Program Support		1.0	8.0	16.5		1.000		1.0	8.0	25.5		5.000
Autism:												
Special Classes	757		115.3		232.290		815		126.0		252.030	
Program Support		1.0	4.2	8.8		1.000		1.0	4.2	8.8		1.900
Transition Services:												
School-Based Resource Services	6,330		28.0		8.750		6,298		28.0		8.750	
Nonschool-Based Programs	48		11.5		7.500		62		11.5		7.500	
Program Support		1.0	6.0	1.5	2.375	1.000		1.0	6.0	1.5	2.375	1.000
Special Schools:												
Longview	58	1.0	9.8	1.7	17.150	2.875	56	1.0	10.9	0.3	15.750	2.875
Stephen Knolls	55	1.0	9.0	3.1	15.750	2.875	45	1.0	10.3	1.0	14.000	2.375
Carl Sandburg	79	1.0	14.0	5.2	24.500	2.875	90	1.0	18.2	4.0	26.250	2.875
Rock Terrace	91	2.0	15.8	5.6	15.800	3.500	93	2.0	18.2	2.4	16.875	3.500
RICA	106	2.0	19.0	7.1	17.000	3.500	100	2.0	21.1	5.0	17.500	3.500
Model Learning Center			1.5						1.5			
Itinerant Paraeducators					150.000						152.325	
School-Based Services Administrative Support		1.0	16.6	1.0		1.000		1.0	16.6	1.0		1.000

Continued on next page

FISCAL YEAR 2019 PROJECTED SPECIAL EDUCATION ENROLLMENT, SERVICES and POSITIONS

December 2018

Continued from previous page

Prekindergarten, Programs and Services	FY 2019 Budget						FY 2020 Budget					
	Students	Admin	Teachers	Other Prof	PARAs	Other Support	Students	Admin	Teachers	Other Prof	PARAs	Other Support
Deaf And Hard of Hearing:												
Resource Program Services	235		13.0	0.2		36.500	235		13.0			36.500
Special Classes	155		21.6	7.8	18.900		155		21.8	8.0	19.076	
Program Support		1.0		3.5		1.000		1.0		3.5		1.000
Visual Impairments:												
Resource Program Services	324		11.5		0.500	2.000	340		12.5		0.500	2.000
Special Classes	24		3.0	0.2	3.500		22		3.0	0.2	3.500	
Program Support				1.0		1.000				1.0		1.000
Physical Disabilities:												
Resource Program Services	3,285			92.2		0.750	3,175			92.2		
Special Classes	35		5.4		6.875		37		5.9		7.625	
Program Support		1.0	2.0	2.0		2.000		1.0	2.0	2.0		2.750
Speech and Language Disabilities:												
Resource Program Services	9,396		200.8				9,558		191.5			
Special Classes	130		5.0	1.6	4.375		144		5.5	1.7	4.813	
Program Support		1.0	6.0			2.000		1.0	6.0			2.000
InterACT:												
InterACT Services (PreK-12)	535		4.0	8.6			540		4.0	8.6	0.875	
Augmentative Communication	12		2.0	0.4	3.500		12		2.0	0.4	3.500	
Program Support				1.0	0.875	1.000				1.0		1.000
Child Find/DESC:												
Program Support				13.2		2.000				13.2		2.000
Administrative Support		1.0				2.000		1.0				2.000
Preschool Education Programs:												
Special Classes	1,542		110.0	68.6	120.437		1,657		122.0	91.6	134.688	
Program Support		1.0	0.2	6.0		1.000		1.0		5.8		1.000
Arc of Montgomery County			1.0	0.8	1.500				1.5	1.1	2.250	
Infants and Toddlers Services:												
Deaf and Hard of Hearing	190		3.0				180		3.0			
Physical Therapy	2,300			33.8			2,450			33.8		
Occupational Therapy	1,800			26.4			1,998			26.4		
Special Instruction	5,400		71.1		37.180		5,400		71.1		37.200	
Speech & Language	5,300			72.6			5,400			72.6		
Vision	200		3.0				190		3.0			
Program Support		5.0		3.0		5.000		5.0		3.0		5.000
Preschool/Related Services Administrative Support		1.0		1.0		-		1.0		3.0		1.000
Special Education Administrative Support		6.0	3.0	19.6		19.600		6.0	3.0	15.0		18.600
Summary:												
Total Special Classroom Services	15,077	8.0	1,572.3	143.0	1,440.6	18.6	15,575	8.0	1,628.6	157.4	1,473.2	18.1
Total Resource Services	21,483	-	257.3	101.0	9.3	39.3	21,283	-	249.0	100.8	10.1	38.5
Total Infants and Toddlers Services	15,190	-	77.1	132.8	37.2	-	15,618	-	77.1	132.8	37.2	-
Total Program Support		15.0	30.4	60.5	153.3	20.0		15.0	30.2	70.3	154.7	25.7
Total Administrative Support		9.0	19.6	21.6	-	22.6		9.0	19.6	19.0	-	22.6
Total by Position Type		32.0	1,956.7	458.9	1,640.258	100.475		32.0	2,004.5	480.3	1,675.193	104.875
Grand Total				4,188.333						4,296.768		

Fiscal Year (FY) 2018–2020 Special Education Improvement and Priorities Based on Staff and Community Member Input

FY 2018 Recommendations for Maintenance *	FY 2019 Recommendations for Maintenance *	FY 2020 Recommendations for Maintenance *
Description in Priority Order	Description in Priority Order	Description in Priority Order
Re-examine current prekindergarten (pre-K) staffing models to increase opportunities for students with disabilities to receive services in regular early childhood program settings.	Increased professional learning opportunities (PLOs) in positive behavioral and de-escalation strategies through school wide implementation of crisis prevention and intervention (CPI).	Continue with social emotional supports and add to current supports. Leverage community partnerships to support students in the Social and Emotional Special Education Services with transition activities.
High Incidence Accessible Technology (HIAT) expansion: in technology support to schools to apply the principals of Universal Design for Learning (UDL) and HIAT staffing.	Collaborative training for general and special education staff members, ongoing teacher coaching and Professional Learning Communities (PLCs) in providing high quality differentiated instruction for all students with disabilities to narrow the performance gap.	Transition the remaining LAD and Resource schools to HSM.
Make all elementary schools HSM, using the Hours-based Staffing (HBS) model.	PLOs for general and special educators on inclusive practices including the use of paraeducators and other resources.	Provide PLOs for all staff members (including front office) helping students with emotional regulation supports and techniques and de-escalation strategies.
Change the Learning and Academic Disabilities staffing ratio to the HBS model.	Increased PLOs for developing Functional Behavioral Assessments (FBA) and Behavioral Intervention Plans (BIP).	

*** Due to the challenging economic situation, the discussions of the staffing plan committee focused on critical areas of special education programming. The committee expressed a desire that the level of service in identified areas be maintained. This budget reflects the preservation and maintenance of those items.**

FISCAL YEAR (FY) 2020 MCPS Special Education Staffing Plan And Operating Budget Timeline	
Associate Superintendent for Special Education Requests Public Participation on FY 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan Committee	April 30, 2018
FY 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan Committee Meets to Develop Recommendations for Special Education Staffing Improvements and Priorities	June 6, 2018
FY 2020 Recommended Special Education Staffing Improvements and Priorities Considered During the Development of the FY 2020 Operating Budget	Fall 2018
Superintendent's FY 2020 Budget Presentation	December 18, 2018
Registration begins for Montgomery County Board of Education (Board) Operating Budget Hearings (Check the Board web page for information about the registration period for public hearings.)	December 19, 2018 through January 10, 2019
Board Operating Budget Hearings	January 9, 2019 and January 14, 2019
Board Operating Budget Work Sessions	January 17, 2019 and January 24, 2019
Board Operating Budget Action	February 12, 2019
Board Budget Request Transmitted to County Executive and County Council	March 1, 2019
County Executive Recommendations Presented to County Council	March 15, 2019
County Council Budget Hearings	April 2019
County Council Budget Action	May 23, 2019
Final Board Action on FY 2020 Operating Budget	June 11, 2019

Fiscal Year 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan Committee

Name	Title
Alfonso Windsor, Mrs. Ivon	Management/Budget Specialist, Budget Unit
Breen, Ms. Ali	Board President, GTLD Network
Brown, Jamie	President, The Learning Disabilities Association of Montgomery County
Brown, Ms. Wanda	Representative, Montgomery County Maryland Branch of NAACP
Byrd, Mr. Robbie M.	Fiscal Supervisor, Office of Special Education
Catena, Ms. Mary Rose	Instructional Specialist, Division of Prekindergarten, Special Programs, and Related Services
Collins, Mr. William J.	Principal, Damascus Elementary School
Cropp, Mrs. Amy S.	Director, Division of Prekindergarten, Special Programs, and Related Services
DeFosse, Ms. Pamela A.	Supervisor, Speech and Language Services
Diamond, Mrs. Nicola D.	Chief Financial Officer, Office of the Chief Financial Officer
Dimmick, Mr. Cary D.	Principal, Gaithersburg High School
Dorner, Mrs. Martha F.	Fiscal Supervisor, Division of Business, Fiscal and Information Systems
Geness, Ms. Simone A.	Supervisor, Transition Services Unit
Hall, Mrs. Julie S.	Director, Division of Business, Fiscal and Information Systems
Heatwole, Mr. Kyle J.	Principal, Flora M. Singer Elementary School
Heck, Mrs. Lisa M.	Instructional Specialist, Division of Business, Fiscal and Information Systems

Fiscal Year 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan Committee

Name	Title
Hoffman, Ms. Joanne C.	Supervisor, Central Placement Unit
Kannan, Mr. Amuthan	Parent, Wootton High School
LaBatt, Dr. Arronza M.	Executive Director, Deputy Superintendent of School Support and Improvement
Leety-Weinstein, Ms. Jessica K.	Special Education Program Specialist, Little Bennett Elementary School
Lertora, Mrs. Katherine W.	Assistant Principal, Roberto W. Clemente Middle School
Levy, Mrs. Janet E.	Teacher Special Education, Brooke Grove Elementary School
Lewis, Dr. Judith F.	Principal, Burning Tree Elementary School
Lowndes, Mr. Kevin E.	Associate Superintendent, Office of Special Education
Lynch, Mr. Philip A.	Director, Department of Special Education Services
Martinez, Ms. Monica	President, Partnership for Extraordinary Minds
Munsey, Mr. Joshua H.	Principal, RICA–John L. Gildner Regional Institute for Children and Adolescents
Murek, Ms. Sally R.	Coordinator, Paraeducator Program, Office of the Chief Academic Officer
Nardi, Mr. Christopher B.	Principal, Thomas W. Pyle Middle School
Parrott, Mrs. Margaret A.	Instructional Specialist, Transition Services Unit
Piper, Ms. Dawn	Executive Director, Down Syndrome Network of Montgomery County
Redgrave, Ms. Kim M.	Principal, Stephen Knolls School

Fiscal Year 2020 Special Education Staffing Plan Committee

Name	Title
Reiley, Ms. Julie	Co-Chairperson, Special Education Advisory Committee and Vice Chair, Special Education Subcommittee, Montgomery County Council of Parent-Teacher Associations
Schaufelberger, Miss Stephanie R.	Principal, Rock Terrace School
Shawver, Mrs. Chrissy	Chief Executive Officer, The ARC of Montgomery County
Smith, Ms. Claudette R.	Supervisor, Department of Special Education Services
Staton, Mr. Craig W.	Principal, Julius West Middle School
Strouble, Mrs. Jennifer R.	Instructional Specialist, Department of Special Education Services
Taylor, Mrs. Jeanne M.	Special Education Paraeducator, Farquhar Middle School
Thomas, Miss Beth F.	Assistant Principal, Hallie Wells Middle School
Valera, Mr. Javier	President, Down Syndrome Network of Montgomery County
Wantanabe-Tate, Ms. Rachel	Chair, Special Education Subcommittee, Montgomery County Council of Parent-Teacher Associations
Whitfield, Mr. Donald	Parent, John T. Baker Middle School

Committee Support: Mrs. Ruth M. Campbell, administrative secretary, Division of Business, Fiscal and Information Systems
 Telephone: 240-740-3850 E-mail: Ruth_M_Campbell@mcpsmd.org

**Department of Special Education Services
Division of Business, Fiscal and Information Systems
Professional Development Plan
Fiscal Year 2020**

Teacher Sessions

Academic Interventions: Secondary math intervention
Academic Interventions: Secondary decoding intervention
Academic Interventions: Really Great Reading
Academic Interventions: Systems 44
Academic Interventions: iReady
Analyzing Data to Determine Student Needs in Math
Analyzing Data to Determine Student Needs in Reading
Augmentative and Alternative Communication: Functional Communication: Using Picture Exchange Strategies
Augmentative and Alternative Communication: Supporting Written Communication for Students with Physical Disabilities
Augmentative and Alternative Communication: Strategies and Operation of Specific Devices
Augmentative Communication and Assistive Technology: Strategies to Support Early Language Learners
Augmentative Communication and Assistive Technology: <i>Boardmaker Studio- Basics</i>
Autism: Serving Students with Autism Spectrum Disorders in the Least-restrictive Environment
Autism: Supporting Students with Autism Spectrum Disorders in Comprehensive Elementary Schools
Autism: Best Practices for Teaching Elementary Students with Autism
Autism: Best Practices for Teaching Secondary Students with Autism
Deaf and Hard of Hearing (D/HOH): Addressing the needs of D/HOH students with behavioral or mental health concerns
D/HOH: Deafness and Cultural Diversity
D/HOH: Building the Capacity of D/HOH Teachers to Address the Needs of Students with Significant Cognitive Disabilities
D/HOH: Instructional and Behavioral Strategies to Address the Needs of Students who are D/HOH with Little/No Prior Schooling or Formal Language
D/HOH: Introduction to Basic Sign Language
Alternate Learning Curriculum Resource—Unique Learning Systems
CPI Nonviolent Crisis Intervention Training - without physical interventions
Evidence Based Practices for Maximizing Literacy for Students with Significant Cognitive Disabilities
Unique Learning Systems and alignment to MCPS curriculum
FBA and BIP Development and Implementation
Professional Development: Multi-State Alternate Assessment (MSAA)
Lead Elementary Special Education Teachers-Specially Designed Instruction
First Year Teacher Training
High Incidence Accessible Technology (HIAT): Assistive Technology in the Chrome Browser
HIAT: Assistive Technology Consideration
HIAT: Assistive Technology Implementation and Documentation
HIAT: Assistive Technology in School and on the Individualized Education Program (IEP)
HIAT: Introduction to <i>Bookshare</i>

**Department of Special Education Services
Division of Business, Fiscal and Information Systems
Professional Development Plan
Fiscal Year 2020**

Teacher Sessions

HIAT: Introduction to <i>Snap & Read</i>
HIAT: Leveling the Playing Field – Accessible Curriculum Materials and Tools
HIAT: Perspectives on Practice Workshops and Webinars
HIAT: Speech Recognition–Decision Making and Overview
HIAT: Speech Recognition–Using Speech Recognition in the Classroom
HIAT: Technology–Supporting Writers with Clicker Software
HIAT: Universal Design for Learning (UDL)–Everyday UDL Webinar Series
HIAT: UDL–Introduction to UDL
Physical Disabilities: Occupational Therapists/Physical Therapists Professional Learning Community Sessions
Physical Disabilities: Perspectives on Practice for Occupational and Physical Therapists
Physical Disabilities: Documenting Safe Meal Time Support
Physical Disabilities: Data Collection Methods for Occupational and Physical Therapists
Physical Disabilities: Handwriting: The Role of the Occupational Therapist
Physical Disabilities: Use of Physical Therapy Equipment: Bootcamp & Refresher for School-Age Physical Therapists
Home School Model: Behavior Management Strategies
Hours Based Staffing:
Medical Assistance: Certification Training
Multi-Sensory Foundational Reading Strategies
New Teacher Orientation
Nonviolent Crisis Intervention: Initial and Refresher Courses
Orton Gillingham Methodologies
Prekindergarten: Maryland’s Child Outcomes Summary Process
Prekindergarten: Maryland’s Early Learning Assessment
Prekindergarten: <i>The Social and Emotional Foundations of Early Learning</i>
Prekindergarten: Developing Standards-based, High-quality IEPs
Prekindergarten: Early Literacy: Foundational Skills for School Readiness
Prekindergarten: Performance Matters/Data Collection in the Prekindergarten Classroom
Prekindergarten: Building the Capacity of Teachers to Differentiate Instruction in Inclusive Settings
Prekindergarten: Co-teaching Practices for pre-K Inclusive Settings
Resource Teacher in Special Education secondary meetings
Section 504 Basics: Determination of Eligibility and Development of Appropriate Accommodations
Special Education Skill Building Workshop: From Present Levels to Progress Monitoring
Speech and Language Services: Best Practices in Bilingual Speech/Language Assessment
Speech and Language Services: Workshop on Writing Speech-Language Assessment Reports for Bilingual Students

**Department of Special Education Services
Division of Business, Fiscal and Information Systems
Professional Development Plan
Fiscal Year 2020**

Teacher Sessions

Speech and Language Services: The Impact of Poverty on the Development of Oral Communication Skills
Speech and Language Services: The Use of Authentic Assessment Measures in Determining Special Education Eligibility for English Language Learners
Social Emotional Special Education: Secondary program-wide training
Standards-based Math Instruction for Students with Significant Cognitive Disabilities
Transition Services: Principals of UDL for Select Career and Technology Education Teachers
Transition Services: Transition Services' Awareness for Middle and High School
Transition Services: Transition Support Teachers' Summit and Professional Learning Communities
Twice Exceptional Students: Recognizing and Serving Elementary Students
Twice Exceptional Students: Differentiating Elementary Instruction
Twice Exceptional Students: Recognizing Characteristics and Differentiating Instruction for Secondary Students
Vision Services: Understanding & Accommodating students with Cortical Visual Impairments (CVI)
Vision Services: Building the Capacity of Vision Staff in Assessing and Selecting Appropriate Technology for Accessing Curriculum Materials
Vision Services: Building the Capacity of Staff Members in the Use of Technology: <i>Scientific Notebook</i> and <i>Duxbury</i>
Vision Services: Building a Systematic Approach to Orientation and Mobility Assessment and Services

**Department of Special Education Services
Division of Business, Fiscal and Information Systems
Professional Development Plan
Fiscal Year 2020**

Paraeducator Sessions

Adapting and Differentiating Materials
Elementary Paraeducators: Fading Supports and Building Independence
Autism: Best Practices for Teaching Elementary Students with Autism
Autism: Best Practices for Teaching Secondary Students with Autism
Autism: <i>Unstuck and On Target</i>
Augmentative Communication and Assistive Technology: <i>Boardmaker Studio- Basics</i>
Collaboration with Clinicians for paraeducators at the Regional Institute for Children and Adolescents
Collaboration with teachers
Data Collection and Analysis
Resources and Materials to Support the Instruction of Elementary Non-diploma Bound Students
Resources and Materials to Support the Instruction of Secondary Non-diploma Bound Students
Accommodations and Modification: Hands-on Applications: Elementary Paraeducators
Accommodations and Modification: Hands-on Applications Secondary Paraeducators
Reading and Writing Technology Tools to Support Struggling Students
<i>Activinspire Beginner</i>
<i>Activinspire Intermediate</i>
<i>Activinspire Advanced</i>
Deaf and Hard of Hearing (D/HOH)/Vision: Sign Language for Paraeducators
Deaf and Hard of Hearing (D/HOH)/Vision: Strategies for Supporting D/HOH Students in the Content Areas K-12
Deaf and Hard of Hearing (D/HOH)/Vision: Behavioral De-escalation Strategies for D/HOH and Vision Students K-12
Deaf and Hard of Hearing (D/HOH)/Vision: Cortical Vision Impairment Strategies for Special Education Paraeducators in ALO Programs K-12
Strategies for Paraeducators Working Effectively with Students with Special Needs in Physical Education
Language Development Strategies
Nonviolent Crisis Intervention: Initial and Refresher Courses
Prekindergarten: <i>The Social and Emotional Foundations of Early Learning</i>
Prekindergarten: Data Collection in the Prekindergarten Classroom
Prekindergarten: Building the capacity of paraeducators to support Literacy/Math/Social Emotional Skills within the classroom
Really Great Reading
iReady
Secondary Research Tools
Rational Detachment training
Developing Positive Behavioral Interventions for Students with Intellectual Disabilities
Emotional Disabilities: Elementary program-wide training
Transition Services: Transition Services' Awareness

**Department of Special Education Services
Division of Business, Fiscal and Information Systems
Professional Development Plan
Fiscal Year 2020**

Paraeducator Sessions

Transition Services: Job Coaching
Transition Services: Travel Training
Twice Exceptional Students: Support in the General Education Classroom
<i>Zones of Regulation</i>