SAFE SURFING SITES

For more information:

www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org/ info/cybersafety (for students, teachers, and parents)

www.netsmartz.com

www.Netsmartz411.org

www.netsmartzkids.org
(for kids!)

www.isafe.com

www.safekids.com

www.safeteens.com

www.staysafeonline.info/

www.fbi.gov/library/pguide/pguide.htm

www.ed.gov/pubs/parents/internet

www.ikeepsafe.org

TAKE ACTION

If a child has received inappropriate or disturbing computer communication, *Act Now*!

Report inappropriate online sexual activities involving children to:

Montgomery County Police Department Family Crimes Division 240-777-5400

www.montgomerycountymd.gov

The CyberTipline 1-800-843-8000 www.missingkids.com/cybertip

Report inappropriate online activity within the school system to

Montgomery County Public Schools CyberSafety CyberSafety@mcpsmd.org 301-279-3669

MONTGOMERY COUNTY CYBERSAFETY PARTNERS



Office of the State's Attorney Montgomery County, MD Judicial Center 50 Maryland Avenue Rockville, Maryland 20850 240-777-7300 www.montgomerycountymd.gov/sao



Montgomery County Department of Police Family Crimes Division 240-773-5400 Nonemergency 911 Emergency www.montgomerycountymd.gov



Montgomery County Public Schools 850 Hungerford Drive Rockville, Maryland 20850 301-309-6277 www.montgomeryschoolsmd.org

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MONTGOMERY COUNTY, MARYLAND



A joint project by the State's Attorney's Office Montgomery County Department of Police and Montgomery County Public Schools dedicated to providing information to parents and students about Internet safety. CRUISING THE INTERNET HIGHWAY AND THE E-MAIL EXPRESS SAFELY

THE Important Rules for Safety!

Never give out personal or identifying information such as name, address, school name, parent's names, pets, etc.

• *Report* to a trusted adult any inappropriate site you access.

• *Never* respond to messages that are obscene or threatening.

Never meet someone face-to-face that you have met online. Educating children about the Internet is the first step in ensuring they are safe online. Parents can improve Internet safety by setting family rules for using the Internet. The Montgomery County Public Schools supports Internet safety by using technology protection measures to examine the content of Internet sites and block inappropriate content. Parents also can set monitoring or blocking filters on home computers. However, only through partnerships between parents and children can safety be ensured.

CYBER BULLYING

Cyber bullying is intentionally embarrassing, humiliating, threatening, or targeting an individual or group of people using e-mail, instant messaging, social sites, blogs, mobile phones, or other technological methods. Cyberbullying comes in many forms, including the following:

- Flaming—sending angry, rude, or vulgar messages directed at another person in private or in a public forum.
- **Harassment**—repeatedly sending a person offensive messages.
- **Masquerade**—pretending to be someone else and posting false information or placing another in danger.
- Outing and trickery—sending or posting sensitive, private, or embarrassing material about a person.

Contact police whenever cyberbullying involves death threats or other forms of violence to a person or property. Victims also may have a legal right to claim damages for defamation, invasion of privacy, or intentional infliction of emotional distress.

PARENTAL CONTROL TOOLS

Restricting access to Web sites is an effective way to help keep kids safe on the Internet. There are three places where you can find the tools to help you limit what your child can access while he or she is surfing.

Internet Service Providers, such as Comcast and Verizon, offer a range of parental control features, often for free.

- Many Web browsers, such as Microsoft Internet Explorer, have controls that you can adjust to enforce parental control rating systems.
- Blocking or filtering software, such as Cyber Patrol and CYBERsitter, are available at your local computer or retail store. Install this on your home computer.

Parental filtering or blocking tools are very useful, but they are NOT 100 percent effective.

WARNING SIGNS

The FBI has listed several warning signs taken from actual investigations involving child victims. Signs include large amounts of time spent online, presence of porn, mysterious phone calls, receipt of unexplained gifts, hiding the computer screen as parents approach, and withdrawing from normal activities and social interaction. If there is a suspicion of any of those signs, consider the following steps:

- Talk with your child about your suspicions.
- Review what is on your child's computer. If you don't know how, seek advice from a knowledgeable person.
- Use the Caller ID service to determine who is contacting your child.
- Remove the computer from your child's bedroom.
- Immediately contact your local or state police, the FBI, or the National Center for Missing and Exploited Children, should an alarming event occur via the Internet.

TIPS FOR PARENTS

- Always supervise young children when they are on the Web.
- Locate the computer in a central area.
- Help your children find information online.
- Make computer use a family activity get to know your child's online and other friends.

- Don't allow children to give out personal information, such as home address, phone number, or school name.
- Discuss the difference between reliable and unreliable sources of information with your child. Remind children that everything they read on the Internet may not be real.
- Consider rating, blocking, monitoring, and filtering applications for your computer.
- Set reasonable rules regarding time of day, length of time, people with whom they may communicate, and appropriate areas for them to visit online.

STUDENTS USING THE INTERNET AT SCHOOL

- Students should report to teachers any inappropriate sites they may have accessed.
- Students should tell a teacher if someone on the Web asks to meet them face-to-face or sends inappropriate information.
- The school system has a Web security officer who assists students and parents with information on Internet safety, password protection, computer viruses, and privacy issues. Call 301-279-3669 on weekdays.

POPULAR INTERNET SITES FOR KIDS

- Myspace.com. As a parent, you can create your own account and see what your children and their friends are posting.
- Facebook.com. You must be "invited" to join. College and high school students each have special meeting areas.
- Friendster.com is similar to Myspace.com.
- YouTube.com lets users upload, view, and share video clips.
- miniclip.com and runescape.com are online gaming Web sites.

E-MAIL AND Chat Acronyms

New language, acronyms, and slang are created every day on the Internet. Below are a few examples.

ADN	Any day now
AFAIK	As far as I know
AFK	Away from keyboard
a/s/l or asl	Age/sex/Location
BAKB	Back at keyboard
BBL	Be back later
BCNU	I'll be seeing you
BRB	Be right back
CUOL	See you online
DIKU	Do I know you?
F2F	Face to face
g/f	Girl friend
GGOH	Gotta get outta here
KIT	Keep in touch
OL	the old lady
ОМ	the old man
P911	Parents are in the room
POS or POTS	Parents are looking over my shoulder
SPST	Same place, same time
SYL	See you later
TAW	Teachers are watching
TTYL	Talk to you later
WTGP?	Want to go private?
YBS	You'll be sorry