

The Ojibwa Native Americans

The Ojibwa also called the Chippewa forms one of the largest tribal groups in the Eastern Woodlands. The geographic characteristics of the area were amazing. The Ojibwas had many different cultures from ours. Using many tools was a way to live for the Ojibwas. They also traded with other tribes. The Ojibwa tribe was an exciting group to learn about.

In the Eastern Woodlands, the Ojibwa required many wildlife and plants to survive. The Ojibwa used many animals, like lynx, mink, or rabbit hides to keep warm. The fur coats helped them to live through winter. The plants also helped this tribe to live and eat. The Ojibwa often ate wild rice and maple sugar. Birch bark was a common material the tribe used. This type of wood was used for wigwams and other houses hold supplies. These geographic Characteristics really helped the Ojibwa to live in the Northeast region.

The Ojibwa had many different ways of living. They decorated their bodies and clothes. A culture was to put decorations on their hair and have designs on their clothes. The Ojibwa's lived in wigwams and longhouses. Saplings lashed together built these houses. This tribe also had snow snake contests. They used long straight pieces of wood carved like a snake and the snakes would slide across the snow. Ojibwa's culture was very different from today.

The Ojibwa used many tools and supplies to adapt their environment. Bows and arrows were a tool they used. These materials were used for hunting animals. The Ojibwa also used canoes to travel through water. While in their canoes, they went fishing. This tribe used animal skins for many things. The Ojibwa used skin to make blankets or clothing. Many tools and supplies were used by the Ojibwa to help them live.

The Ojibwas also traded many supplies to make their living. Tobacco was a main tool that they traded. This trading tool was a plant that was used like money. The Ojibwa also traded pottery they had carved. The pottery was used as a bowl or another supply. This tribe traded many tools in the 1720's. They traded with other tribes or with French merchants. By trading, the Ojibwa had survived for many years.

Learning about the Ojibwa was very interesting. Geographic Characteristics were quite appealing at the Northeast coast. Customs of the Ojibwa were very different. Supplies helped the Ojibwa survive a lot. Tribe trading was a thing the Ojibwa often did. To get more information, go to the library and learn about archery and more.