

## The Inuit Native Americans

The Inuit used many geographic characteristics, human characteristics, technology, and economy. The Inuit lived a very hard life because of the cold climate. We will discuss the Inuit's appearance, stature, and clothing as they live in their environment. Learning about Inuit technology will be interesting because used it to survive. We will explore how the Inuit's traded and related to each other within their own economy. The Inuit's adapted to their environment by using different resources well to survive in harsh conditions.

The Native American Tribe, Inuit, is located in a region called the Arctic. The climate in the Arctic is very cold, windy, snowy, and icy. Since the weather is so cold the Inuit people wore heavy clothes made of fur to keep warm. There are not many trees in the Arctic region. Since the vegetation is small the Inuit make houses out of snow. The people that are a part of the Inuit tribe hunt animals such as seals, moose, and fish. They would use these animals that they captured for food. This was the geographic characteristics of the Inuit tribe.

The Inuit use a lot of human characteristics. The Inuit would use anything they could find to make clothes out of. For instance, they ore snow goggles made of wood. All tribes speak different languages. The Inuit tribe speaks a language called Inuktitut. Inuit also likes to have fun playing games. They play games only played by their tribe. These were some of the human characteristics.

The Inuit made a lot of things to help them survive in the Arctic. One big thing they made to help them survive was an igloo. An igloo is a type of home that comes in many different sizes and shapes and it is made of well-packed snow The needed a way to get from one place to another so the made kayaks. Kayaks are just pieces of wood carved into a shape almost like a boat to sail across water. The Inuit made guns and weapons out of anything they could find. They would make weapons to protect themselves from enemies. These things that they made helped them survive.

The Inuit traded many things because back then they did not use money. The Inuit would trade some of their technology. But they would only trade what they had a lot of. In return they would get things from other tribes that the Inuit did not have. They could trade many things to other tribes that did not have them. They would trade things such as dolls, guns, sleds, fish, and food. They would trade things to other tribes not just because they had a lot of things but they wanted to help them out. For example, they could trade a kayak to help tribes with transportation. This is what and how the Inuit use their economy.

At first glance the Inuit's appear to have lead a simple and primitive life. Further shows there was much more to their lives than that. They were advanced hunters who were able to live in an extremely cold climate. They developed effective clothing, language, and leisure activities to enrich their lives. Their tools and weapons were smart and practical. The Inuit's traded almost everything to produce a productive and healthy economy. Learning about the Inuit is a great appreciation for a very different culture.